FOREWORD

- Thank you very much for purchasing our tractor which will give you many years of reliable service.
- The introduction in this manual sets out the correct manner of operating, maintaining and checking the tractor to ensure long-term durability.
- Please ensure correct operation of the tractor as incorrect can cause substantial mechanical damage as well as cause accidents with the associated injuries.
- Please note that in some cases differences can exist between this manual and your tractor due to the manufacture's policy of constant product improvement.
- In the event that you encounter a problem not covered by this manual, please contact your nearest dealer who will assist you in resolving your problem.



CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNING

The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

WARNING SIGNS

The following warning signs in this manual draw additional attention to items of importance for the safe and correct operation of the tractor.

SIGNS	MEANING OF THE SIGN
⚠ DANGER	This indicates that a condition may result in harm, serious injury or death to you or other persons if the warning is not heeded. Follow the advice provided with the warning signs.
A WARNING	Hazard or unsafe practice that can lead to severe injury or death.
(A CAUTION	Hazard or unsafe practice that can lead in injury or death.
■ IMPORTANT	Instructions for the correct operation of the machine which, if followed, will ensure that it performs at its best.

All information, illustrations and specifications in this manual are based on latest information available at the time of publication. The right is reserved to make change at any time without a notice.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

A.	GENERAL INFORMATION	A
B.	SAFETY PRECAUTIONS	В
C.	TRACTOR INSTRUMENTS	C
D.	OPERATION	D
E.	MAINTENANCE	E
F.	TROUBLESHOOTING	F
G.	STANDARD FOR FARMWORK	G
H.	APPENDIX	H
l.	INDEX	

TABLE OF CONTENTS

A	GENERAL INFORMATION	C	TRACTOR INSTRUMENTS
2. 3. 4. 5.	EXTERIOR VIEW ····································	2. 3. 4.	SWITCHES····································
B	SAFETY PRECAUTIONS	D	OPERATION
2. 3. 4.	SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS ····································	 2. 3. 4. 5. 	START & STOP OF ENGINE · · · · · · D - 2 OPERATING THE TRACTOR · · · · D - 4 OPERATION OF PTO · · · · D - 7 OPERATION OF DPF · · · · D - 9 IMPLEMENTS · · · · · D - 11 TOWING THE TRACTOR · · · · D - 12

E	MAINTENANCE	G	STANDARD FOR FARMWORK
2.3.4.	MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE······ E – 2 OPENING COVERS ···· E – 4 CHECKS & SERVICING EACH PART ···· E – 5 GREASING EACH PART ··· E – 20 STORING THE TRACTOR ··· E – 21	1.	STANDARD FOR FARMWORK······· G – 2
F	TROUBLESHOOTING		APPENDIX
G	TROUBLESHOOTING ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING ············F – 2		APPENDIX SPECIFICATIONS ····································
		1.	
2.	ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING · · · · · · · · F – 2	1. 2.	SPECIFICATIONS ····································
2. 3.	ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING · · · · · · · · F – 2 BRAKE TROUBLESHOOTING · · · · · · · · F – 5	1. 2.	SPECIFICATIONS ····································
2. 3.	ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING · · · · · · · F – 2 BRAKE TROUBLESHOOTING · · · · · · · F – 5 STEERING WHEEL TROUBLESHOOTING · F – 6	1. 2.	SPECIFICATIONS ····································
2. 3. 4.	ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING · · · · · · · F - 2 BRAKE TROUBLESHOOTING · · · · · · F - 5 STEERING WHEEL TROUBLESHOOTING · F - 6 HYDRAULIC SYSTEM	1. 2.	SPECIFICATIONS ····································
2. 3. 4.	ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING ···········F – 2 BRAKE TROUBLESHOOTING ········F – 5 STEERING WHEEL TROUBLESHOOTING ·F – 6 HYDRAULIC SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING ············F – 6	1. 2.	SPECIFICATIONS ····································

TABLE OF CONTENTS =

0	INDEX
1.	INDEX





-	EXTERIOR VIEW · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2.	TRACTOR IDENTIFICATION · · · · · · · · · A – 7
3.	ABOUT THIS MANUAL · · · · · · · · · · · · A – 8
4.	INTRODUCTION & DESCRIPTION · · · · · · · A – 9
5.	OWNER ASSISTANCE · · · · · · · · · · · · · A – 13
6.	ROPS (ROLL OVER PROTECTIVE
	STRUCTURES) · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
7	SEAT AD ILISTMENT · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

GENERAL INFORMATION •

1. EXTERIOR VIEW

► RIGHT SIDE OF THE TRACTOR (ROPS)





► LEFT SIDE OF THE TRACTOR (ROPS)



☐ GENERAL INFORMATION ■

► RIGHT SIDE OF THE TRACTOR (CABIN)



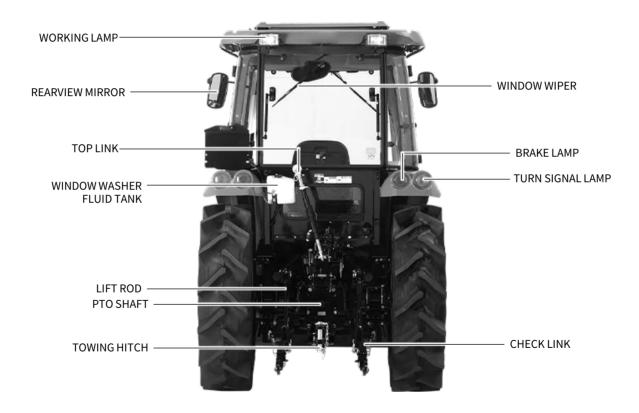


► LEFT SIDE OF THE TRACTOR (CABIN)



GENERAL INFORMATION

▶ BACK SIDE OF THE TRACTOR (CABIN)





2. TRACTOR IDENTIFICATION

▶ TYPE OR NUMBER OF ENGINE & **CHASSIS**



The engine and chassis number are stamped as shown in the drawing above.

▶ WARRANTY OF THE PRODUCT

The manufacturer warrants this product and full details of the warranty are provided on a separate warranty schedule

► SERVICE & PARTS

SERVICE

Service is available from any TYM dealer in the country.

PARTS

To obtain spare parts please contact your nearest dealer and give him the details listed below.

- Tractor model
- Tractor serial number
- Tractor engine number
- Part number and description
- Quantity required

GENERAL INFORMATION

3. ABOUT THIS MANUAL

This manual has been prepared to assist you in following/adopting the correct procedure for running-in operation and maintenance of your new TYM CO., LTD tractor.

Your tractor has been designed and built to give maximum performance, with good fuel economy and ease of operation under a wide variety of operating conditions.

Prior to delivery, the tractor was carefully inspected, both at the factory and by your TYM Dealer/Distributor, to ensure that it reaches you in optimum conditions.

To maintain this condition and ensure trouble free performance, it is important that the routine services, as specified in this manual, are carried out at the recommended intervals.

Read this manual carefully and keep it in a convenient place for future reference.

If at any time you require advice concerning your tractor, do not hesitate to contact your authorized TYM dealer / distributor.

He has trained personnel, genuine parts and necessary equipment to undertake all your service requirements.

Manufacturer's policy is one of continuous improvement, and the right to change prices, specifications or equipment at any time without notice is reserved.

All data given in this book is subject to production variations.

Dimensions & weight are approximate only and the illustrations do not necessarily show tractors in standard condition.

For exact information about any particular tractor, please consult your TYM dealer / distributor.



4. INTRODUCTION & DESCRIPTION

The word, 'tractor' has been derived from 'traction' which means pulling. A tractor is required to pull or haul an equipment, implement or trolley which are coupled to the tractor body through suitable linkage.

A tractor can also be used as a prime mover as it has a power outlet source which is also called Power Take or PTO shaft.

In this book the operating, maintenance and storage instructions for all models of TYM diesel tractors has been complied. This material has been prepared in detail to help you in the better understanding of maintenance and efficient operation of the machine.

If you need any information not given in this manual, or require the services of a trained mechanic, please get in touch with the TYM dealer / distributor in your locality.

Dealer / distributors are kept informed of the latest methods of servicing tractors.

They stock genuine spare parts and are backed by the company's full support.

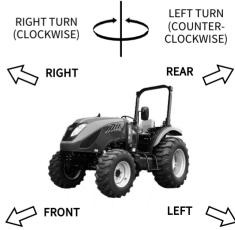
Through this manual, the use of the terms LEFT, RIGHT, FRONT and REAR must be understood, to avoid any confusion when following the introductions.

The LEFT and RIGHT means left and right sides of the tractor when facing forward in the driver's seat, reference to the FRONT indicates the radiator end of the tractor, while the REAR, indicates the drawbar end.

When spare parts are required, always specify the tractor and engine serial number when ordering these parts. This will facilitate faster delivery and help ensure that the correct parts for your particular tractor is received.

The tractor serial number is punched on a plate attached to the left hand side of the engine body.

For easy reference, we suggest you to write the number in the space provided in the owner's personal data.



GENERAL INFORMATION

DESCRIPTION

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION

The transmission case, clutch, engine and front axle support are bolted together to form a rigid unit.

FRONT AXI F & WHFFI

The 4WD front axle is a center-pivot, reverse eliot type.

The front wheel drive mechanism is incorporated as a part of the axle. The front wheel drive power is taken off the rear transmission and transmitted to the differential in the front axle where the power is divided into right and left and to the respective final cases.

In the final cases, the transmitted revolution is reduced by the level gears to drive the front wheel. The 4WD mechanism with level gears

provides wider steering and greater durability.

ENGINE

The tractors are fitted with fuel efficient Non-Turbo charged engine with 4 cylinders of T454 designed by Yanmar and T554 is fitted with fuel efficient Turbo charged engine.

CLUTCH AND TRANSMISSION

A single plate dry clutch(10.24"diameter) is used on these tractors Tractor with IPTO(Independent Power Take Off) are fitted with hydraulic Clutch Assy.

The transmission Gear box has 16 forward & reverse speeds of T454/T554. Presently, TYM Tractors are fitted with partial synchro mesh type gears.

BRAKES

TYM tractors are provided with independent disc brakes operated by two brake rods' movement. Use parking brake lever in case of parking the tractor.

REAR AXLE & WHEELS

This is mounted on ball bearings and is enclosed in removable housing which are holted to the transmission case. The rim & disc fitted with rear tires are bolted to the outer flange of rear axle.

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM & LINKAGES

TYM tractors are fitted with live independent, very touch of hydraulic system.

Three point linkages can be used for category 1 type of implements.

STFFRING

It consists of hydrostatic power steering system, which has a hydraulic cylinder and single/tandem type hydraulic pump.



5. OWNER ASSISTANCE

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

A 12 volt lead acid propylene battery is used to activate the engine through the starter motor and the electrical system comprising horn, head lamp. Side indicator lamps, plough lamp, brake light, gauge lamp, hazard lamp. Generator or alternator, fuse box also from part of the electrical system.

MARNING

When operating the tractor at high speed, do not attempt to make sharp turns by using the brakes. This may result in overturning of the tractor causing serious injury or death. We at TYM and your TYM dealer / distributor want you to be completely satisfied with your investment.

Normally any problems with your equipment will be handled by your dealer / distributor's service departments, however, misunderstanding can occur. If you feel that your problem has not been handled to your satisfaction, we suggest the following.

Contact the owner or general manager of the dealership, explain the problem. and request assistance.

When additional assistance is needed, your dealer / distributor has direct access to your office.

If you cannot obtain satisfaction by doing this, contact the TYM office and provide us with;

- Your name, address and telephone number
- Model and tractor serial number
- Dealer / distributor name & address
- Machine purchase date and Hours used
- Nature of problem

Before contacting TYM office, be aware that your problem will likely to be resolved in the dealership using the dealer's / distributor's facilities, equipment and personnel. So it is important that your initial contact be with the dealer / distributor.

6. ROPS (ROLL OVER PROTECTIVE STRUCTURE)

ROPS



TYM tractors are equipped with a frame for the protection of operators. In the case of cab tractors the frame is incorporated in the cab structure. The objective of the frame or cab structure is to protect the operator in the event of a roll over and they are designed to support the entire weight of the tractor in that event.

Each TYM ROPS frame or cab structure is designed and has been tested to meet industry and or government standards. Included in these tests were all mounting bases and bolts or other fasteners.

On some models the ROPS frame has a fold down feature, which can be used to enter low buildings etc.

Take care when lowering the upper section of the ROPS frame and take extreme care while driving the tractor with the ROPS frame lowered.

Do not wear the seat belt with the ROPS lowered and please remember that the fold down facility is for special circumstances only and must not be lowered for general use.

DANGER

 For ROPS frames to be effective and protect the operator, the seat belt provided must be worn in order to keep operators within the ROPS protected area in the event of a roll over.
 Failure to use the seat belt can still cause serious injury or death.

► USE OF TRACTOR WITH ROPS LOWERED CAN CAUSE FATAL INJURIES

As the ROPS frame or cab together with the seat belt was designed to meet certain standards, they must be maintained in good order and condition. To achieve this objective, both the structure and the seat belt should be inspected on a regular basis. (Every time the tractor is serviced)

In the event that the seat belt is damaged or frayed, it should be replaced and in the event that the ROPS frame or any part of the mounting structure is damaged or cracked, the faulty component must be replaced with a new unit.

Such a unit must meet all of the test criteria of the original unit.

Fitment of an inferior item or items affects the certification of the entire ROPS structure and the effectiveness of the structure in the event of an accident. Drilling or welding of the ROPS is forbidden.



▶ DAMAGE OF ROPS

If the tractor has rolled over or the ROPS has damaged (such as striking an overhead object during transport), it must be replaced to provide the original protection.

After an accident, check for damages to

- ROPS
- **SEAT**
- **SEAT BELT & SEAT MOUNTINGS**

Before you operate a tractor, replace all damaged parts.

▲ WARNING

- Do not weld, drill or straighten the ROPS.
- Always wear your seat belt if the tractor is equipped with ROPS.

WARNING

• If the ROPS is removed or replaced, make certain that the proper hardware is used to replace the ROPS and the recommended torque values are applied to the attaching bolts.

▲ WARNING

- Never attach chains, ropes to the ROPS for pulling purposes. This will cause the tractor to tip backwards.
 - Always pull from the tractor drawbar.
- Be careful when driving through door opening or under low overhead objects. Make sure there is sufficient overhead clearance for the ROPS fatal injuries.

► ROPS TYPE



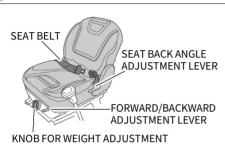
CABIN TYPE



GENERAL INFORMATION

7. SEAT ADJUSTMENT

SEAT SLIDING



Before operating a tractor it is important to adjust the seat to the most comfortable position & check whether it is properly locked in its position.

■ IMPORTANT

- Do not use solvents to clean the seat.
 Use warm water with a little detergent added.
- Before operating a tractor, it is important to adjust the seat to the most comfortable position & check whether it is properly locked in its position.

To select seat position, move adjusting lever and slide seat closer to or away from dash panel and controls.

DANGER

- Check whether the seat properly locked in its position before driving the tractor.
- Always use the seat belt when the ROPS is installed.
- Do not use the seat belt if a foldable ROPS is down or there is no ROPS.
 Check the seat belt regularly and replace if frayed or damaged.

WARNING

 Do not put a hand between the seat and the slides when adjusting the seat position.
 You can get injured unexpectedly.

► CUSHION STRENGTH ADJUSTMENT



The seat cushion can be adjusted according to the weight of the driver.

Turning the cushion adjustment knob counterclockwise to the 50kg position makes the cushion lighter, and turning the lever clockwise to the 130kg position makes the cushion heavier.



1.	SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS · · · · · · · B – 2
2.	SAFE OPERATION OF TRACTOR · · · · · · · · · B – 15
3.	DOs & DON'TsB – 22
4.	SAFETY DECALS B – 24
5	IINIIVEDSAL SVMROLS B _ 30



1. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

► ENSURE SAFETY INFORMATION



This symbol means

'Attention! Your safety is involved.'

The message that follows the symbol contains important information about safety.

Carefully read the message.

SIGNAL SIGNS



The signal signs

'DANGER, WARNING or CAUTION'

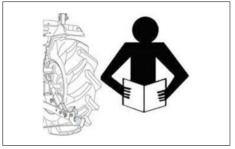
are used with safety alert symbol.

DANGER identifies the most serious hazards.

Safety symbols with signal signs 'DANGER or WARNING' are typically near specific hazards.

General precautions are listed on CAUTION safety signs.

READ SAFETY INSTRUCTION

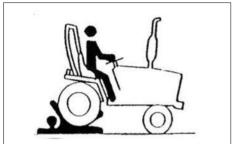


Carefully read all safety instructions given in this manual for your safety. Tempering with any of the safety devices can cause serious injuries or death.

Keep all safety signs in good condition. Replace missing or damaged safety signs.

Keep your tractor in proper condition and do not allow any unauthorized modifications to be carried out on the tractor, which may impair the function / safety and affect tractor life.

▶ PROTECT CHILDREN



Keep children and others away from the tractor while operating.

Before you reverse

- Look behind tractor for children.
- Do not let children to ride on tractor or any implement.

▶ USE OF ROPS AND SEAT BELT



The Roll Over Protective Structure(ROPS) has been certified to industry and / or government standard.

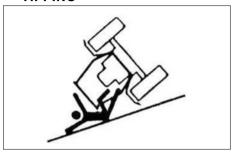
Any damage or alternation to the ROPS, mounting hardware or seat belt voids the certification and will reduce or eliminate protection for the operator in the event of a roll-over.

The ROPS, mounting hardware and seat belt should be checked after the first 100 hours of use and every 500 hours thereafter for any evidence of damage, wear or cracks.

In the event of damage or alternation, the ROPS must be replaced prior to further operation of the tractor. The seat belt must be worn during machine operation when the machine is equipped with a certified ROPS.

Failure to do so will reduce or eliminate protection for the operator in the event of a roll-over.

► PRECAUTION TO AVOID TIPPING



Do not drive where the tractor could slip or tip.

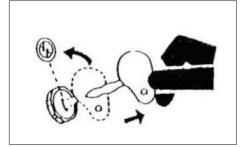
Stay alert for holes and rocks in the terrain and other hidden hazards.

Slow down before you make a sharp turn.

Driving forward out of a ditch or mired condition could cause tractor to tip over backward.

Back out of these situations if possible.

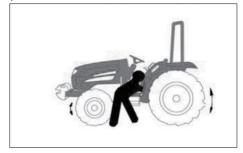
PARK TRACTOR SAFELY



Before working on the tractor:

- Lower all equipment to the ground.
- Stop the engine and remove the key.

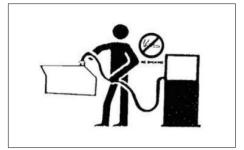
► KEEP RIDERS OFF TRACTOR



Do not allow riders on the tractor.

Riders on tractor are subject to injury such as being stuck by foreign objects and being thrown off of the tractor.

► HANDLE FUEL SAFELY TO AVOID **FIRE**



Handle fuel with care. It is highly flammable.

Do not refuel the tractor while smoking or near open flame or sparks.

Always stop engine before refueling tractor.

Always keep your tractor clean of accumulated grease and debris. Always clean up spilled fuel.

► STAY CLEAR OF ROTATING **SHAFTS**



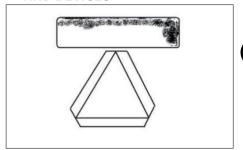
Entanglement in rotating shaft can cause serious injury or death.

Keep PTO shield in place at all the time.

Wear fitting clothing.

Stop the engine and be sure PTO drive is stopped before making adjustments, connections or cleaning out of PTO driven equipment.

ALWAYS USE SAFETY LIGHTS AND DEVICES



Use of hazard warning lights and turn signals are recommended when towing equipment on public roads unless prohibited by state or local regulations.

Use slow moving vehicle(SMV) sign when driving on public road during both day& night time unless prohibited by law.

▶ PRACTICE SAFE MAINTENANCE



Understand service procedure before doing work.

- Keep the surrounding area of the tractor clean and dry.
- Do not attempt to service tractor when it is in motion.
- Keep body and equipment to the ground.
- Stop the engine.
- · Remove the key.
- Allow tractor to cool before any work repair is caused on it.
- Securely support any tractor elements that must be raised for service work.

- Keep all parts in good condition and properly installed.
- Replace worn or broken parts.
- Replace damaged / missing decals.
- Remove any build-up of grease or oil from the tractor.
- Disconnect battery ground cable ⊖
 before making adjustments on
 electrical systems or welding on
 tractor.

AVOID HIGH PRESSURE FLUIDS



Escaping fluid under high pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.

Keep hands and body away from pin holes and nozzle which eject fluids under high pressure.

If any fluid is injected into the skin, consult your doctor immediately.

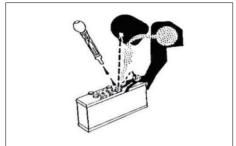
► PREVENT BATTERY EXPLOSION



Keep sparks, lighted matches and open flame away from the top of battery. Battery gas can explode.

Never check battery charge by placing a metal object across the poles.

▶ PREVENT ACID BURNS



Sulfuric acid in battery electrolyte is poisonous.

It is strong enough to burn skin, cause holes in clothing and cause blindness if found entry into eyes.

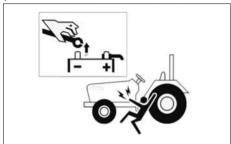
For adequate safety always:

- Fill batteries in a well-ventilated area.
- Wear eye protection and acid proof hand gloves.
- Avoid breathing direct fumes when electrolyte is added.
- Do not add water to electrolyte as it may splash off causing severe burns.

If you spill acid on yourself:

- 1. Flush your skin or eyes with water for 10 ~ 15 minutes.
- 2. Get medical attention immediately.

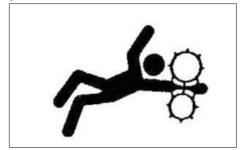
▶ BATTERY DISCONNECTION



When working with your tractor electrical components, you must first disconnect the battery cables.

To ensure that there are no accidents from sparks, you must first disconnect the negative battery cable.

▶ SERVICE TRACTOR SAFELY

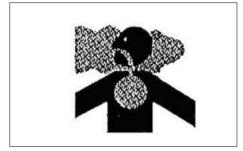


Do not wear a necktie, scarf or loose clothing when you work near moving parts.

If these items were to get caught, severe injury could result.

Remove rings and other jewelry to prevent electrical shorts and entanglement in moving parts.

➤ WORK IN VENTILATED AREA



Do not start the tractor in an enclosed building unless the doors & windows are open for proper ventilation as tractor fumes can cause sickness or death.

If it is necessary to run an engine in an enclosed area remove the exhaust fumes by connecting exhaust pipe extension.



► TRACTOR RUNAWAY

Engine start with transmission engaged can cause tractor to runaway resulting serious injury to the people standing nearby the tractor.

For additional safety keep the pull to stop knob (fuel shut off control) in fully pulled out position.

Transmission in neutral position, foot brake engaged and PTO lever in disengaged position while attending to Safety Starter Switch or any other work on tractor.

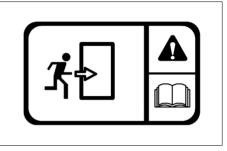
▶ SAFETY START

- Clutch operated safety switch is provided on all tractors which allow the starting system to become operational only when the Clutch pedal is fully pressed.
- Do not By-pass this safety starter switch or work on it. Only Authorized Dealers are recommended to work on safety starter switch.
- On some models Safety Starter switch is provided on transmission High-low shifter lever and in PTO shifter lever. The tractor can be started only if High-low shifter lever is in neutral position.

A CAUTION

 Safety Starter Switch is to be replaced after every 2,000 hours/4 years, whichever is earlier.

EMERGENCY EXITS

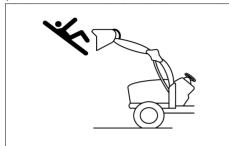


If exit from the cab side doors is blocked (following an accident or vehicle overturn) the alternative safety exits are indicated by decals.

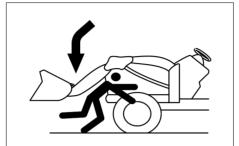
The possible safety exits are:

- Rear window hatch (All tractors)
- Front window (for versions with openable front window).

► SAFETY PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING LOADER



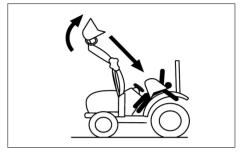
Never let anyone get in the loader and use the loader as a workbench.
Otherwise, it may lead to a fatal injury or even death.



Do not stand under the lifted loader or get close to it.

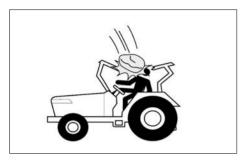
Also, lower the loader arm onto the ground before leaving the tractor.

Otherwise, it may lead to a fatal injury or even death.



When attaching or detaching the loader, fix all parts which are connected to the bucket and boom.

The bucket or boom can be accidentally dropped down, leading to an injury or even death.



Be careful of objects falling from loader.

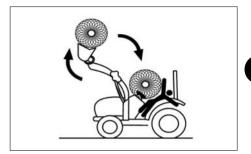


• ROPS (Roll Over Protective Structure), sun canopy or cabin are not a FOPS (Falling Object Protective Structure). It never can protect the riders against falling objects.

Avoid driving the vehicle into a dangerous area such as falling rocks zone.



Do not allow loader arms or attachment to contact electrical power lines. Electrocution will cause serious injury or death.



Never carry a big object with the loader unless a proper implement is attached.

Keep a carried object low during driving.

Otherwise, it may lead to an injury or even death.

► TOWING SAFFLY

For the maximum towable loads, refer to the 'TIRE AND MASS' section in appendix chapter if available.

Maintain a suitable speed taking into account the weight of the trailed load and the gradient, remembering that braking distances will be greater than with just the tractor.

Trailed loads with or without brakes that are too heavy for the tractor or that towed at too high speed may cause the operator to loose of control of the tractor.

Always take into consideration the total weight of the implements and their loads.

A CAUTION

Before you leave the driving seat when a trailers is hitched to the tractor. remember to put all the controls in neutral, apply the parking brake, switch off the engine, engage first gear (if the tractor has a mechanical transmission) and remove the key from the starter switch.

If the tractor is not parked on level ground, always place chocks under the wheels of both the tractor and the trailer.

TRANSPORT TRACTOR BY TRUCK

Always secure the tractor to the loader bed with chains.

Before transporting the tractor on a low loader or on a railway wagon, make sure that the engine hood, doors, openable roof (if present) and windows are all closed and securely fastened.

Never tow the tractor at speeds in excess of 10km/h.

An operator must stay in the operator position to steer and brake the tractor.



► FALLING OBJECT PROTECTIVE STRUCTURE (FOPS)

The term FOPS refers to structure installed on the tractor intended to reduce the risk to the operator of injury from falling objects during normal use of the vehicle

IMPORTANT

- This tractor is not equipped with a FOPS.
- The energy level of drop test is 1365J.

OPERATOR PROTECTIVE STRUCTURE (OPS)

The term OPS refers to a protective structure installed on a tractor in order to minimize risk of operator injury caused by objects penetrating into the operator position area.

DANGER

• This tractor is not equipped with an OPS. If work must be performed in areas subject to the risk of the penetration of objects into the operator position, consult your dealer before starting work so that the tractor can be equipped with an appropriate protective structure.

USE OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

European standard EN 15695-1 is applicable to the cabs of agricultural or forestry tractors and self-propelled sprayers.

The purpose of the standard is to limit the exposure of the operator (driver) to hazardous substances when applying plant protection products and liquid fertilizers.

In accordance with the stipulations of EN 15695-1 regarding cab classification, measurement of the internal positive pressure differential must be carried out in conformance with ISO 14269-5:

- The engine operating at nominal speed:
- The maximum quantity of air drawn from outside the cab (recirculation closed);
- Fan set to maximum speed.

The following terms and definitions are applied:

- Hazardous substances: substances such as dust, vapours and aerosols, with the exception of fumigants which can be dispersed during the application of plant protection products and liquid fertilizers, which may have a harmful effect on the operator.
- Dust general term identifying solid air-borne particles, finely divided and accumulated.
- Aerosol: suspension of solid, liquid or solid and liquid particulate in a gaseous medium with a negligible fall rate (generally less than 0.25 ms-1)
- Vapour:
 gaseous phase of a substance whose
 liquid or solid state is stable at 20°C
 and 1 bar (absolute).
 This cab, even when closed, does not
 protect against the inhalation of
 hazardous substances.

If the manufacturer's instructions for using these substances recommend personal protective equipment, wear the equipment even in the cab.

Cabs are classified as follows:

- Category 1: the cab does not provide protection against hazardous substances.
- Category 2: the cab provides protection exclusively from dust.
- Category 3: the cab provides protection from dust and aerosol.
- Category 4: the cab provides protection from dust, aerosol and chemical vapours.

The classification category, as stipulated

by ISO 14269-5, of the cab installed on this range of tractors is given below:

- the engine operating at nominal speed
- the maximum quantity of air drawn from outside the cab (recirculation closed) with fan at maximum speed.

Table 2 - Technical data

CABIN / ROPS	CATEGORY
Hazardous substances protection category	1

♠ DANGER

 Use all the personal protective equipment suitable for the tasks in hand and relative substances, in compliance with the requirements of statutory legislation in your country.



2. SAFE OPERATION OF YOUR TRACTOR

The manufacturer of your tractor has made every effort to make it as safe as is humanly possible.

Beyond this point it is the responsibility of the operator to avoid accidents and we ask that you read and implement our suggestions for your safety.

Ensure that only trained and competent operators use this tractor and ensure that they are fully conversant with the machine and aware of all its control and safety features.

Operators should not operate the tractor or associated machinery while tired or untrained.

To avoid accidents please ensure that the operator wears clothing which will not get entangled in the moving parts of the tractor or machine and protect him or her from the elements.

When spraying or using chemicals, please ensure that clothing and protective equipment is worn which prevents respiratory or skin problems.

For full details consult the manufacturer of the chemicals

To avoid lengthy exposure to noise ensure that ear protection is worn.

If adjustment to the tractor or machinery need to be made ensure the tractor or machine are turned off beforehand.

Use of certified Roll Over Protection Structure (ROPS) is a must while operating a tractor.

Use of seat belt is a must while operating a tractor.

In summary, ensure at all times that the safety of the operator and any other worker is paramount.

Ensure no one is between the tractor and a towed vehicle (trailer or implement).

SAFETY TIPS DURING MAINTENANCE

- At least on a daily basis check all oil levels. Water level in the radiator and electrolyte level in the battery and perform services according to the service schedule.
- 2. Ensure tire pressure are even and the correct pressure for the job being done is maintained.
- Check to ensure that the all controls and preventative mechanisms of the tractor and implement work correctly and effectively.
- Ensure that an adequate set of the correct tools is available for maintenance and minor repairs.
- Ensure that all service work and repairs are carried out on a flat area with a concrete or similar floor.
 Do not carry out service work on a tractor until it is switched off, and

- the parking brake applied and wheels choked.
 Where a tractor is started in a confined area, ensure that the area is well ventilated as exhaust gases are very harmful, and can cause
- Do not work under raised implements.

death

- When changing wheels or tires ensure that a suitable wheel stand is placed under the axle prior to removing the wheel and the wheels are chocked.
- Where guards or shields need to be removed to perform a service or repair, ensure that the guard or shield is correctly reinstalled before starting the tractor.
- Never refuel near a naked flame or with an overheated engine.

- Ensure to turn off Engine before refueling.
- 10. The cooling system operates under pressure, take care when removing the radiator cap on a hot engine to prevent being scalded by steam or hot water.
 Do not add water in the radiator when the engine is hot.
 Add water to the radiator only after the engine cools down completely.
- To prevent fires keep the tractor including the engine clean and free from inflammable material and well away from fuels and other inflammable material.



► MOUNTING AND DEMOUNTING IMPLEMENTS

- Ensure that all mounting and removal of implements is done on safe flat ground.
 Ensure no one is between the tractor and implement and do not get under the implement to avoid accidental injuries.
- After mounting the implement, ensure that all sway chains are correctly adjusted and, where PTO shafts are used that the shaft is fitted and secured correctly.
- Where heavy implements are used, ensure that the combination is well balanced or use proper ballast to achieve balance.
- 4. Before leaving the tractor at any time, lower the implement, stop the PTO shaft where applicable, set the parking brake and switch off the engine.

- While operating the implements with the PTO keep all bystanders away from any moving parts and do not attempt to make adjustments while the machine is running.
- Only the driver should ride on the tractor with the ROPS frame fitted and with the seat belt properly fastened.
- Where young children are present, particular care should be taken and the tractor should not be moved until the whereabouts of all children is known.
- 8. Only trained operators should operate the tractor and so taking care to ensure that other workers are not injured. In particular they should take care during dusty operations, which will reduce visibility substantially.

- Never start the tractor unless the transmission is out of gear, the operator is in the seat and all round safety has been checked.
- 10. Only operate the tractor seated in the driver's seat and never turn or brake suddenly at high speed as this can cause a roll-over and serious injury or death.
- When traveling on a public road ensure that the tractor and driver both meet all laws relating to safety and licensing.
 When traveling with wide implements use red flags on the extremities and observe all legal including escort requirements.
- 12. When operating under adverse conditions, hilly terrain or on bad ground adjust the speed of the tractor to suit the conditions, safety

ASAFETY PRECAUTIONS

comes first.

Never drive down-hill at high speed or with the transmission in neutral. Use of the braking capacity of the engine as well as the service brakes. Do not try to change gear going up or down a steep slope, select the correct gear before starting.

- 13. Take care when traveling uphill with a heavy implement to ensure that it does not overbalance and tip up the front end.
- 14. Never remove or modify the seat belt.
- 15. Never remove, modify or repair the ROPS frame.

Please remember that a little bit of extra care can prevent serious injury or death and avoid damage to your tractor.

► THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS ARE SUGGESTED TO HELP PREVENT ACCIDENTS

A careful operator is the best operator. Most accidents can be avoided by observing certain precautions. Read and take the following precautions before operating the tractor to prevent accidents. Tractor should be operated only by those who are responsible and properly trained to do so.

<THE TRACTOR>

- Read the operator's manual carefully before using the tractor. Lack of operating knowledge can lead to accidents.
- Use an approved rollover bar and seat belt for safe operation.
 Overturning of a tractor without a rollover bar can result in death or injury.
- Do not remove ROPS (Roll Over Protective Structure).
 Always use the seat belt.
- 4. Fiberglass canopy does not give any

protection.

- 5. To prevent falls, keep steps and platform clear of mud and oil.
- 6. Do not permit anyone but the operator to ride on the tractor. There is no safety place for extra riders.
- Replace all missing, illegible or damaged safety signs.
- 8. Keep safety signs clean of dirt and grease.

<SERVICING THE TRACTOR>

- keep the tractor in good operating condition for your safety.
 An improperly maintained tractor can be hazardous.
- 2. Stop the engine before performing any service on the tractor.
- The cooling system operates under pressure, which is controlled by the radiator cap.
 It is dangerous to remove the cap while the system is hot.



- First turn the cap slowly to stop and allow the pressure to escape before removing the cap entirely.
- Do not smoke while the refueling the tractor. Keep away any type of open flame.
- The fuel in the injection system is under high pressure and can penetrate the skin. Unqualified persons should not remove or attempt to adjust a pump, injector, nozzle or any part of the fuel injection system. Failure to follow these instructions can result in serious injury.
- Keep open flame away from battery or cold weather starting aids to prevent fire or explosions.
- 7. Do not modify or alter or permit anyone else to modify or alter this tractor or any of its components or any tractor functions.

< OPERATING THE TRACTOR>

- Before starting the tractor apply the parking brake, place the PTO (Power Take Off) lever in the "OFF" position, the position control levers in the downward position, the hydraulic control levers in the neutral position(If fitted) and the transmission in neutral.
- Do not start the engine or controls while standing beside the tractor. Always sit on the tractor seat when the engine or operating controls.
 - Safety start: In order to prevent the accidental starting of the tractor, a safety switch has been provided. The starting system of the tractor is connected through this switch. On some models shuttle shifter lever and PTO button should also be in neutral position for completing the starting circuit. Do not bypass the safety switch. Consult your TYM tractor

- distributor / dealer if safety switch malfunctions.
- 4. Avoid accidental contact with the gear shifter lever while the engine is running. Unexpected tractor movement can result from such contact.
- 5. Do not get off or climb the tractor while it is in motion.
- 6. Shut off the engine, remove the key and apply the parking brake before getting off the tractor.
- Do not operate the tractor in an enclosed building without adequate ventilation. Exhaust fumes can cause death.
- Do not park the tractor on a steep slope.
- If power steering or Engine seizes to operate, stop the tractor immediately.
- 10. Pull only from the swinging draw bar or the lower link drawbar in the down position. Use only a drawbar pin that locks in place.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Pulling from the tractor rear axle carriers or any point above the rear axle may cause the tractor's front end to lift.
- 11. If the front end of the tractor tends to rise when heavy implements are attached to the three point linkage, install front end or front wheel weights.

 Do not operate the tractor with a

light front end.

- 12. Always use hydraulic position control lever when attaching equipment / implement and when transporting equipment.

 Be sure that the hydraulic couplers are properly mounted and will disconnect safely in case of accidental detachment of implement.
- 13. Do not leave equipment/implement in the raised position.
- 14. Use the flasher / turn signal lights and Slow Moving Vehicle (SMV) signs when driving on public roads

- during both day and night time, unless prohibited by law.
- 15. Dim tractor lights when meeting a vehicle at night.Be sure the lights are adjusted to prevent the blinding on the eyes of coming vehicle operator.
- Emergency stopping instruction;
 If tractor fails to stop even after
 application of brakes.
 Pull the knob of fuel shut off control
 rod.

<DRIVING THE TRACTOR>

- Watch where you are going especially at row ends, on roads, around trees and low hanging obstacles.
- To avoid upsets, drive the tractor with care and at speeds compatible with safety, especially when operating over rough ground, crossing ditches or slopes, and when turning at corners.

- Lock the tractor brake pedals together when transporting on roads to provide proper wheel braking.
- Keep the tractor in the same gear when going downhill as used when going uphill.
 Do not coast or free wheel down hills.
- Any towed vehicle and/or trailer whose total weight exceeds that of the towing tractor, must be equipped with its own brakes for safe operation.
- 6. When the tractor is stuck or tires are frozen to the ground, back out to prevent upset.
- 7. Always check overhead clearance, especially when transporting the tractor.



<OPERATING THE PTO>

- When operating PTO driven equipment, shut off the engine and wait until the PTO stops before getting off the tractor and disconnecting the equipment.
- Do not wear loose clothing when operating the power take-off or near rotating equipment.
- When operating stationery PTO driven equipment, always apply the tractor parking brake and block the rear wheels from front and rear side.
- To avoid injury, always move down flip part of PTO. Do not clean, adjust or service PTO driven equipment when the tractor engine is running.
- Make sure the PTO master shield is installed at all times and always replace the PTO shield cap when the PTO is not in use.

<DIESEL FUEL>

- Keep the equipment clean and properly maintained.
- Under no circumstances should gasoline, alcohol or blended fuels be added to diesel fire or explosive hazard Such blends are more explosive than pure gasoline. In a closed container, such as a fuel tank.
- Never remove the fuel cap or refuel the tractor with the engine running.

DO NOT USE THESE BLENDS.

- Do not smoke while refueling or when standing near fuel.
- Maintain control of the fuel filler pipe when filling the tank.
- Do not fill the fuel tank to capacity. Allow room for expansion.
- Wipe up spilled fuel immediately.
- Always tighten the fuel cap securely.
- If the original fuel tank cap is lost, replace it with genuine cap. A none approved cap may not be safe.

- 10. Do not drive equipment near open fire.
- 11. Never use fuel for cleaning purpose.
- 12. Arrange fuel purchases so that winter grade fuel are not held over and used in the spring.
- 13. Use ultra-low sulfur fuel only.

IMPORTANT

It is suggested that after repairs if any of the safety decals or signs are peeled or defaced, the same may be replaced immediately in interest of your safety.

ASAFETY PRECAUTIONS

3. DOs & DON'Ts

▶ DOS – FOR BETTER PERFORMANCE

- **DO -** Ensure that safety shields are in place and in good condition.
- **DO** Read all operating instructions before commencing to operate tractor.
- **DO** Carry out all maintenance tasks without fail.
- DO Keep the air cleaner clean.
- DO Ensure that the correct grade of lubricating oils is used and that they are replenished and changed at the recommended intervals.
- **DO** Fit new sealing rings when the filter elements are changed.
- **DO** Watch the oil pressure gauge or warning light and investigate any abnormality immediately.

- **DO** Keep the radiator filled with clean water and in cold weather use antifreeze mixture.
 - Drain the system only in an emergency and fill before starting the engine.
- **DO -** Ensure that the transmission is in neutral before starting the engine.
- **DO** Keep all fuel in clean storage and use a filter when filling the tank.
- **DO** Attend to minor adjustments and repairs as soon as necessity is apparent.
- DO Allow the engine to cool before removing the radiator filler cap and adding water, remove the radiator cap slowly.
- **DO** Shift into low gear when driving down steeps hills.

- **DO** Latch the brake pedals together when driving on a highway.
- **DO** Keep draft control lever fully down when not in use.



▶ DON'Ts - FOR SAFE OPERATION

DON'T - Run the engine with the air cleaner disconnected.

DON'T - Start the tractor in an enclosed building unless the doors and windows are open for proper ventilation.

DON'T - Operate the tractor or engine while lubricating or cleaning.

DON'T - Allow the tractor to run out of diesel fuel otherwise it will be necessary to vent the system.

DON'T - Temper the fuel injection pump, If seal is broken the warranty becomes void.

DON'T - Allow the engine to run idle for a long period.

DON'T - Run the engine if it is not firing on all cylinders.

DON'T - Ride the brake. This will result in excessive wear of the brake lining.

DON'T - Use the independent brakes for making turns on the highway or at high speeds.

DON'T - Refuel the tractor with the engine running.

DON'T - Mount or dismount from the right side of the tractor.

DON'T - Temper the hydraulic control levers' upper limit stops.

DON'T - Use draft control lever for lifting of implements.

DON'T - Start the engine with the PTO engaged.

DON'T - Use the throttle lever while driving on roads.

DON'T - Move the hydraulic levers rearward.



4. SAFETY DECALS

▶ GENERAL INFORMATION OF DECALS

- In order to work with the machine safely, safety decals should be placed on the machine.
- Make sure to read and follow the following directions.
 - KEEP THE WARNING LABELS CLEAN AND NOT DAMAGED AT ALL TIMES.

If a decal on the machine is dirty, wash it with soapy water and wipe it off with a soft cloth. Never use solution such as thinner or acetone because these can erase characters or pictures.

- **IF WASHED WITH HIGH PRESSURED WATER, A DECAL MAY BE PEELED OFF.**Do not apply high pressured water directly onto decals.
- IF A SAFETY DECAL IS DAMAGED OR LOST, ORDER A NEW ONE IMMEDIATELY AND PLACE IT ON THE MACHINE.

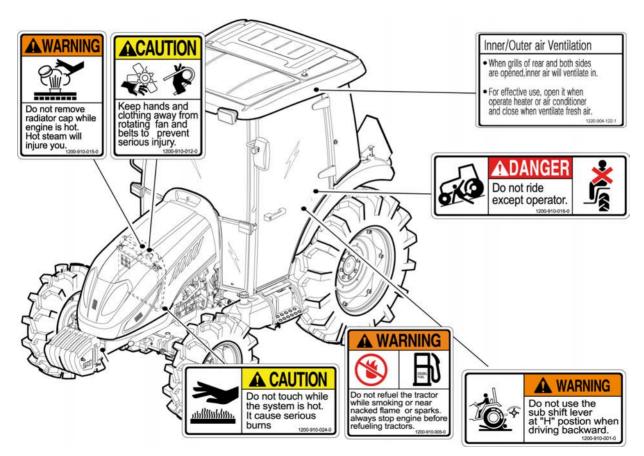
When putting a new decal, wipe off the place to post the decal thoroughly and wait till it is dried. Then post the decal.

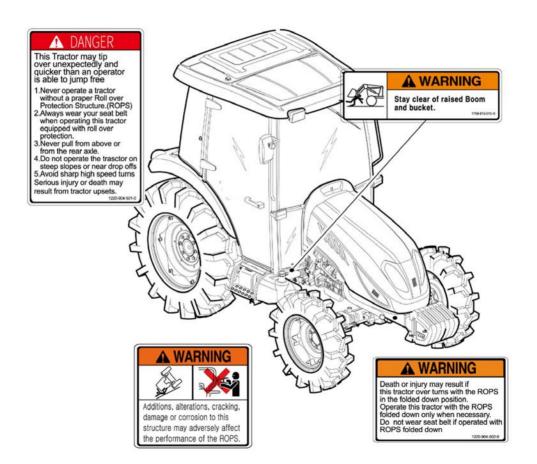
Each decal has a part number on the bottom.

WHEN REPLACING A PART ATTACHED WITH A DECAL WITH A NEW PART, REPLACE THE DECAL AS WELL.

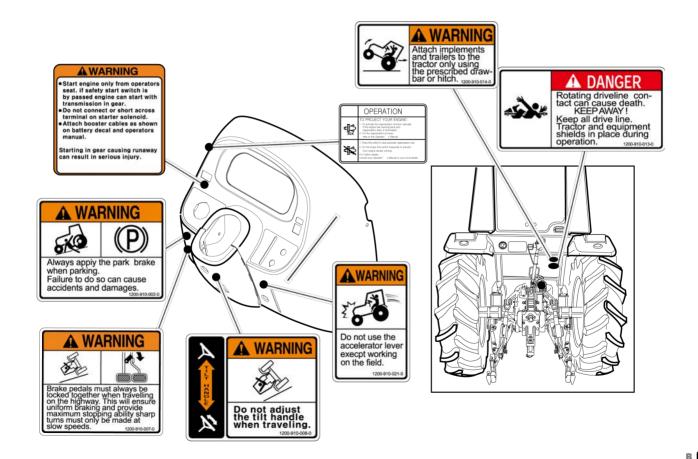


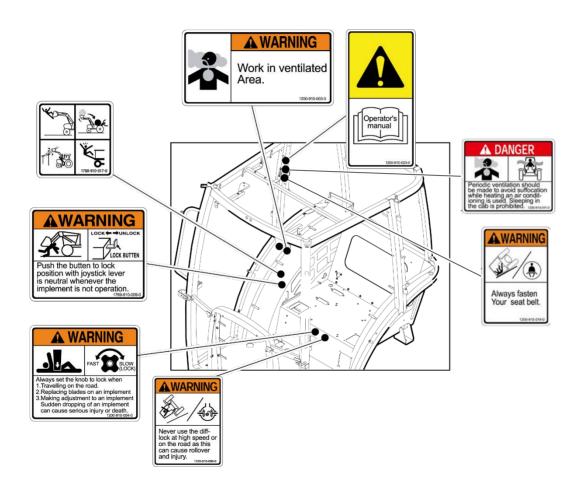
► SAFETY DECALS ON CHASSIS













5. UNIVERSAL SYMBOLS

Some of the universal symbols have been shown below with an indication of their meaning.

DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL
ENGINE SPEED (REV/MIN X 100)	lacksquare	PRESSURED, OPEN SLOWLY		CORROSIVE SUBSTANCE	1. % 1
HOURES, RECORED		CONTINUOUS VARIABLE	\sim	SLOW OR MINIMUM SETTING	-
ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE		DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION	A	FAST OR MAXIMUM SETTING	4
FUEL LEVEL		HAZARD WARNING		TRANSMISSION OIL PRESSURE	֯.
ENGINE STOP CONTROL		NEUTRAL	N	TURN SIGNAL	\Leftrightarrow
LIGHTS	\	FAN	\$	TRANSMISSION OIL TEMPERATURE	
HORN	 	POWER TAKE OFF ENGAGED	•	PARKING BRAKE	(P)
ENGINE OIL PRESSURE	⇒∅¢	POWER TAKE OFF DISENGAGED		WORKING LAMP	10
AIR FILTER CONTAMINATED	<u>///</u>	RAISE LIFT ARM	85	DIFFERENTIAL LOCK	40)
BATTERY CHARGE		LOWER LIFT ARM	7	REFER TO OPERATOR'S MANUAL	Ф

MEN		 		 	 	 		 	 		 	 		 	

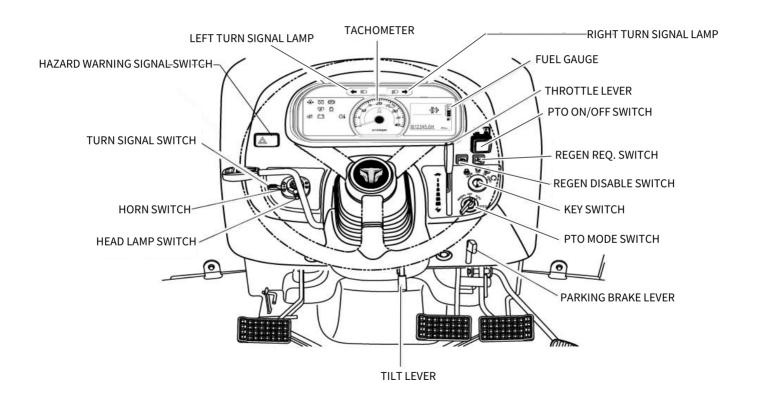


1.	SWITCHES C – 2
2.	MONITOR PANEL & GAUGES · · · · · · · · · · · C – 6
3.	CONTROL INSTRUMENTS · · · · · · · · · · · · C – 12
4.	THREE POINT LINKAGE · · · · · · · · · · · C – 23
5	CABIN

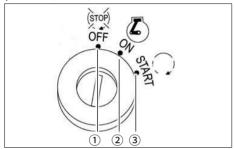


1. SWITCHES

▶ FIGURE OF SWITCHES



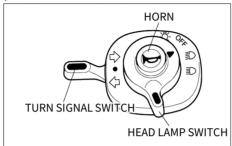
KEY SWITCH



This switch is used to operate engine.

- OFF The ignition key can be inserted and removed in this position.
 - When turning the switch to the OFF position with the engine running, the engine is stopped.
- ON The engine is kept running and switches are energized in this position.
- START The engine can be started in this position.
 When releasing the key, the switch is returned to FON position.

▶ COMBINATION SWITCH



<Light switch operation>

The light switch can be operated with the key switch in the "ON" position.

- 「OFF」 All light OFF
- = O Instrument lamp, tail lamp and low beam lamp ON.
- E Instrument lamp, tail lamp and high beam lamp ON.

<Turn signal lamp operation>

The turn signal lamps can be operated with the key switch in the "ON" position.

 Left turn – Turn the turn signal switch counterclockwise.
 Then, the left turn signal lamp and the left turn signal indicator on the monitor panel blink. Right turn – Push the turn signal switch clockwise.

Then, the right turn signal lamp and the right turn signal indicator on the monitor panel blink.

<Horn>

The horn can be operated with the key switch in the "ON" position regardless of the light switch.

• Operating – Press the switch sounds the horn.

WARNING

 The high beam can obstruct the view of other drivers coming in the opposite direction on a road, leading to an unexpected accident.

IMPORTANT

 This lever is not automatically returned to the neutral position.
 Therefore, set it back to the neutral position after turn.

HAZARD WARNING SWITCH



This switch can be used to warn other vehicles when malfunction occurs in the tractor while driving on a public road. When pressing the switch once, the left and right hazard warning lamps blink. Pressing the switch again turns off the lamps.

IMPORTANT

 Use it only when necessary as it can discharge battery and obstruct other drivers.

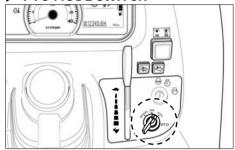
▶ PTO SWITCH



Operation for 'automatic' and 'manual' positions of the PTO switch is as follows:

- FON」 –
 When pressing the switch, the red
 lamp comes on and the PTO shaft
 rotates.
- 「OFF」 –
 When pressing the switch again, the lamp goes off and the PTO shaft stops rotating.

► PTO MODE SWITCH



Operation of PTO selection Switch

- 「OFF」 The PTO shaft is stopped.
- 「Automatic」 –
 When the implement is lifted to the
 preset height, the PTO shaft is
 automatically stopped.
- 「Manual」 –
 The rotating status of the PTO shaft can be controlled by operating the PTO ON/OFF switch to the ON/OFF position manually.

► REGEN REQ. SWITCH



When DPF warning lamp comes on, press this switch to start regeneration process.

During the regeneration process, do not perform any other work.

Please refer 'OPERATION OF DPF' in 'OPERATION' chapter for detail.

REGEN DISABLE SWITCH



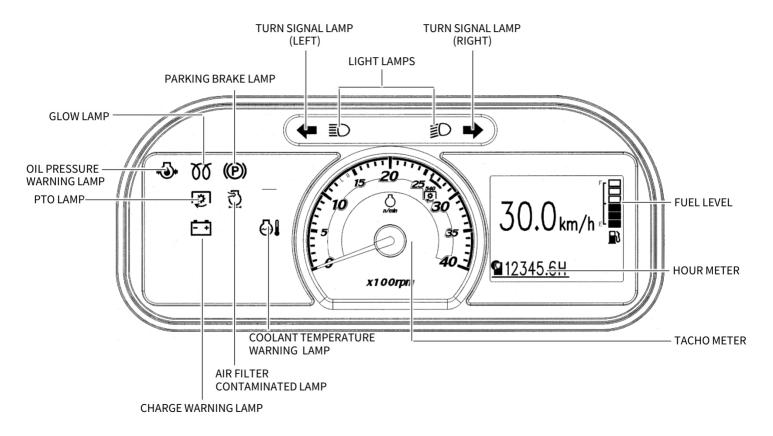
Press this switch to stop regeneration process.

Please refer 「OPERATION OF DPF」 in 「OPERATION」 section for more details.

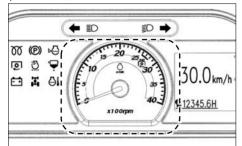


2. MONITOR PANEL & GAUGES

► FIGURE OF MONITOR PANEL



► TACHO METER



It displays the revolution of the engine or PTO shaft per minute.

IMPORTANT

• The engine can be damaged if increasing its speed too fast.

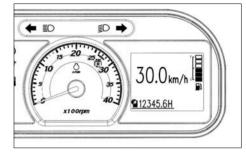
HOUR METER



It indicates the total time of use. The last digit indicates one tenth hours. (decimal place)

While the hour meter on the leftmost section is in operation, the lamp below it blinks.

► FUEL GAUGE & FUEL WARNING LAMP



<FUEL GAUGE>

This indicates the amount of fuel while the main switch is in the "ON" position.

- F Full
- E Empty

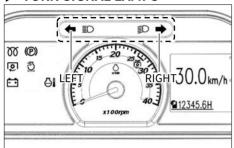
<FUEL WARNING LAMP>

If keeping driving with the level of the fuel gauge pointing at 'E', the warning lamp comes on which means there is only approx. 5 liters of fuel left in the tank.

IMPORTANT

Use fuel for winter season in winter to enhance engine starting performance.

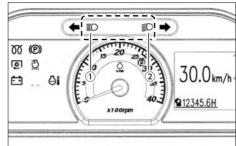
TURN SIGNAL LAMPS



This lamp is used to indicate the intended turning direction of the driver. When pulling down the turn signal switch, the left turn signal lamp blinks. When pushing up the turn signal switch, the right turn signal lamp blinks.

These lamps are operated when pressing the hazard warning lamp switch as well.

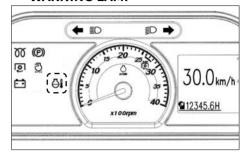
LIGHT LAMPS



These lamps come on when headlight turned on.

- 1: High beam
- 2:Low beam

► COOLANT TEMPERATURE WARNING LAMP



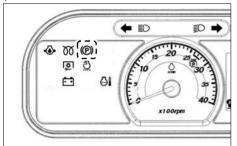
This comes on when the coolant temperature is over 110 degrees. This indicates the temperature of coolant while the main switch is in the "ON" position.

Warning lamp on the coolant is overheated. In this case, stop driving and take any necessary action according to the troubleshooting instructions.

■ IMPORTANT

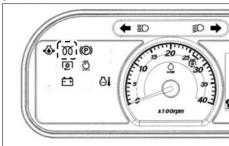
 When the coolant temperature warning lamp comes on, coolant is overheated so check the coolant.

► PARKING BRAKE LAMP



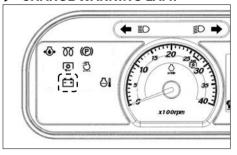
This comes on when the parking brake is engaged.

▶ GLOW LAMP



This comes on while the engine preheating function is activated. It goes off as soon as preheating is completed.

► CHARGE WARNING LAMP



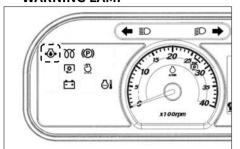
This comes on when the key switch is turned to the 「ON」 position, and goes off as soon as the engine is started.

IMPORTANT

 If the charge warning lamp comes on while driving, the battery is not properly charged.

Therefore, turn off any unnecessary electrical devices and have your vehicle checked by your workshop immediately.

ENGINE OIL PRESSURE **WARNING LAMP**



This is illuminated when the engine oil pressure or oil amount is insufficient during driving.

IMPORTANT

• When the oil pressure warning lamp comes on, this indicates malfunction of the lubrication system. Check the engine oil immediately and have your vehicle serviced by your workshop as necessary.

ENGINE WARNING LAMP



It comes on at LCD monitor when the engine is malfunctioning.

A CAUTION

When engine warning lamp is it, ensure that you operator the Ride on lawnmower only after the engine RPM reaches at the normal speed if this instruction is not kept, it may cause a performance degradation or accident due to a system error.

▶ DPF PROGRESS LAMP

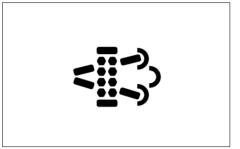


This comes on at LCD monitor when exhaust gas temperature is very high. It usually comes on during DPF regeneration process.

IMPORTANT

• Do not perform other work during regeneration.

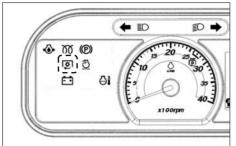
▶ DPF WARNING LAMP



This lamp blinks at LCD monitor when carbon is accumulated in the diesel particulate filter.

If this lamp blinks, press the regeneration button.

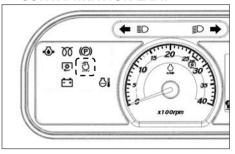
▶ PTO LAMP



This indicates status of PTO shaft.

- ON The PTO shaft is rotating.
- OFF The PTO shaft is stopped.

► AIR CLEANER FILTER CONTAMINATION LAMP



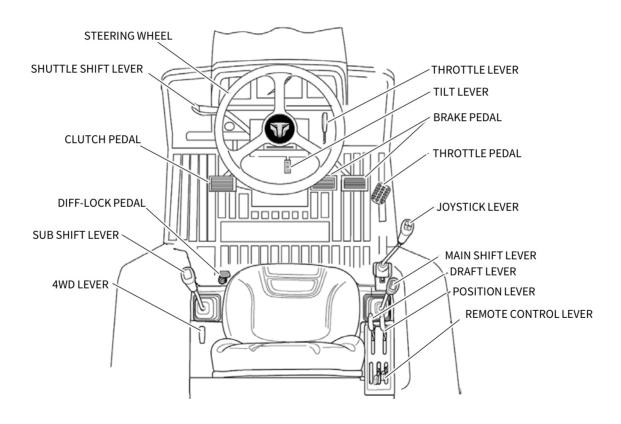
This comes on when the air cleaner is clogged by foreign materials.

When this comes on, open the cover and clean the inside of the cleaner. Also, blow air through the filter in the direction of intake air to clean it or replace the filter with a new one.

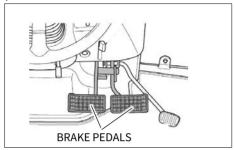


3. CONTROL INSTRUMENTS

▶ FIGURE OF TRACTOR CONTROLS



BRAKE PEDALS



The brake is used to stop the vehicle forcibly.

This vehicle is equipped with separate brakes for its left and right sides. Therefore, it is possible to apply braking force only to one rear wheel. When the one side brake lever is released, the warning lamp is illuminated.

When the lever is engaged, the lamp is turned off.

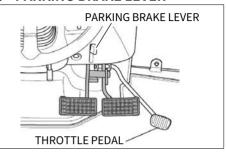
There is an engaging hook for connecting the left and right brake pedals.

- Driving on road Engage (both brake pedals operated together) One-side brake warning lamp OFF.
- Working in field Disengage (One side brake pedal operated) One-side brake warning lamp ON.

▲ WARNING

- Connect the left and right brake pedals while driving on a road, loading / unloading the vehicle or driving into/out of a field to avoid rollover and collision.
- Check the left and right brakes periodically so that they can be operated simultaneously.

PARKING BRAKE LEVER

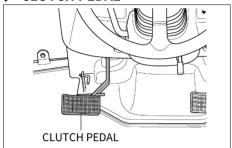


- With the left and right brake pedals interlocked, depress the brake pedal with a right foot firmly and pull up the parking brake lever to lock the pedals.
- To release the parking brake, depress the brake pedal firmly.

IMPORTANT

The brake discs can be worn prematurely if driving the vehicle with the parking brake engaged partially.

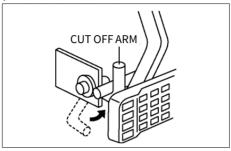
CLUTCH PEDAL



When the clutch pedal is pressed on models with mechanical transmissions, drive is disengaged and the gear range and forward or reverse travel can be selected.

When moving off, smoothly release the pedal to set the tractor moving.

CLUTCH CUT-OFF ARM



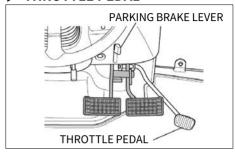
For long term storage of the tractor it is possible to latch the clutch in the disengaged position.

Push the clutch down and engage the latch to hold it there.

▲ WARNING

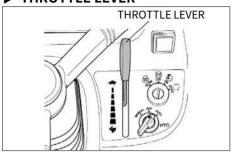
Do not attempt to start engine when this arm is being used.

THROTTLE PEDAL



This pedal can override a fixed hand throttle setting.

► THROTTLE LEVER



It is used to adjust the engine speed like the throttle pedal.



Pulling: increasing engine speed

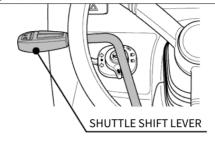


Pushing: decreasing engine speed

WARNING

Never use it unless working in a field. It can lead to speeding and an accident.

SHUTTLE SHIFT LEVER



This control allows shifting from forward to reverse & reverse to forward. When stationary set the lever to "N" for neutral.

- Push the lever away from the driver engages forward.
- Pulling the lever towards the driver engages reverse.

IMPORTANT

 Press clutch pedal fully before operating shuttle shift lever.

IMPORTANT

• When changing from forward to reverse or back to forward again while in high range make sure the tractor comes to a stop before changing direction. Failure to do so is likely to result in damage to the mechanism and place the driver at risk of injury.

A CAUTION

- Operate the shuttle shift only while seated on the tractor.
- Do not use the shuttle shift lever to start the tractor for towing or traveling uphill, use the clutch instead.
- Always stop the tractor before getting off.

MAIN SHIFT LEVER

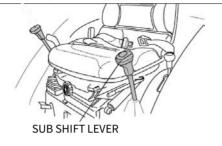


This lever can be shifted by using the clutch, both when the tractor is stationary or mobile.

It is located on the R.H.S of the driver seat.



SUB SHIFT LEVER



The driving direction can be selected between forward direction and reverse direction using the shuttle shift lever and range shift lever.

Use the throttle lever to increase / decrease the engine speed.



WARNING

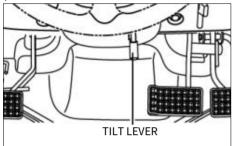
• When the sub shift lever is placed in the position "H," the driving speed increased.

Therefore, never put the sub shift lever in the position "H" during driving backwards.

IMPORTANT

• Operate the sub shift lever only after the tractor is completely stopped. Shifting the lever during driving can damage the gears.

TILT LEVER

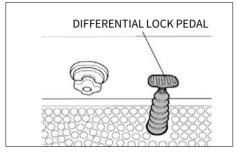


To adjust the inclination of the steering wheel with a 3 stages and set it to the desired position.

DANGER

Ensure that the tilt lever has locked before moving the tractor.

DIFFERENTIAL LOCK PEDAL



The differential lock is a device to lock the differential system in order to rotate the left and right wheels at the same speed.

This function can be used when the rear wheels slip or one wheel spins.



To engage: Depressing the pedal.



To disengage: Releasing the pedal.

<Examples of useful conditions of differential lock>

- 1. One wheel slips or tractor cannot be driven forward when moving into/out of a field.
- 2. A wheel slips during work requiring traction, such as plowing.
- One wheel is stuck into a soft field and can't escape.

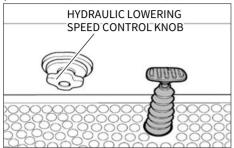
▲ WARNING

- Never use the differential lock when driving on a road. A collision or rollover can occur.
- Make sure to release it during turning. Otherwise, it can lead to an injury or accident.

IMPORTANT

- When using the differential lock, run the engine at a low speed.
- If differential lock is still not disengaged after releasing the differential lock pedal, gently depress the left and right brake pedals alternately.

HYDRAULIC LOWERING SPEED CONTROL KNOB

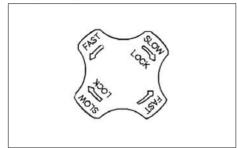


This can be used to adjust the lowering speed of the implement.

Adjust the lowering speed according to the implement type and working environment.

<Operation>

- Rotavator Slow the lowering speed.
- Plow Speed up the lowering speed.

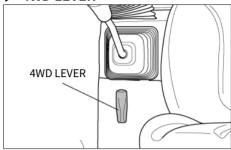


- Decreasing lowering speed: Turn the knob clockwise (slower).
- Increasing lowering speed: Turn the knob counterclockwise (faster).
 - Lock: Turn the knob clockwise (slower) to its end.

▲ WARNING

- Set it to the Lock position under the following conditions to prevent falling of the implement:
 - When driving on a public road
 - When replacing the rotavator blade or removing straws and grass
 - When servicing the implement

▶ 4WD LEVER



- **LON**1 Pull the lever up to the "ON" position to engage 4WD.
- 「OFF ı Push the lever down to the "OFF" position to disengage 4WD.

<Examples of useful conditions of 4WD>

The 4WD can be used under the following conditions:

- When cultivating in a field.
- When traction is required on a slope, in a wet field or for towing a trailer.
- When working in a wet or sandy field.

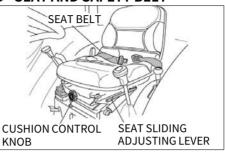


- When cultivating on firm soil with a rotavator to prevent the tractor from being pushed forward.
- When driving into/out of a field or going over a field bank.

IMPORTANT

- Before operating the 4WD lever, make sure to stop the tractor.
- If it is hard to engage the 4WD lever, do not apply excessive force to it. Instead, drive the tractor forward or backward slightly and try it again.
- Avoid using 4WD on public roads to reduce wear on tires.
- Do not use front wheel drive at high speed or on the road as premature wear of components will result

SEAT AND SAFETY BELT



<Seat sliding>

The seat can be adjusted by moving it forwards and backwards with the seat sliding lever on its front pushed to the left. After adjustment, make sure that the seat is firmly secured.

<Seat belt>

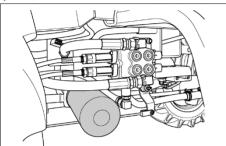


Before driving, adjust the belt's length to fit to your body and insert it into its buckle. When it is engaged properly, a clicking sound is heard.

MARNING

- Make sure to wear your seat belt to protect yourself from a possible rollover or crash accident
- Never adjust the seat during driving.

LOADER VALVE AND JOYSTICK LEVER

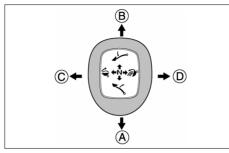


The loader valve is installed under the step on the right side and the joystick lever is installed on the right section in the cabin for easy installation and operation of a loader.

This joystick lever can control the use of a front-end loader.

▲ WARNING

Abnormal operation of a loader can lead to an accident. Therefore, when connecting the hydraulic pipes, set the valve connection according to the operating directions specified on the label attached to the joystick lever.



<Joystick lever operating directions>



Boom up (B)



Boom down (A)



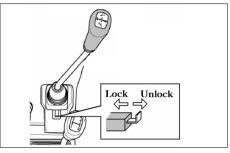
Bucket up (C)



Bucket down (D)

IMPORTANT

- The Joystick control and valve can also be used for other applications if a front end loader is not fitted.
- Do not operate the boom cylinder and bucket cylinder at the same time. A loader may mal-function due to insufficient oil flow.



<Joystick lever safety device>

There is a button to lock the operation of the joystick lever.

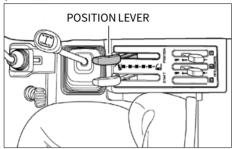
Pulling it forwards unlocks the lever while pushing it backwards locks the lever.

▲ WARNING

Make sure to set the joystick lever in the neutral position and press the lock button to lock the lever in that position when the lever is not in use. Otherwise, an implement may fall accidentally by unintended operation of the lever.



POSITION LEVER



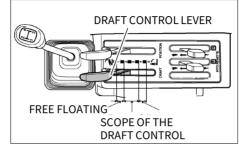
Implements can be raised and lowered with the hydraulic position control lever and can be stopped at any position by stopping the lever.

- To raise the implement: Pull the lever backward
- To lower the implement: Push the lever forward.



After finishing the work, always lower the implement to the ground to avoid injuries and accidents.

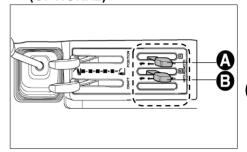
DRAFT CONTROL LEVER



Soil engaging implements can be set for precision work by using draft control. By mounting the lever forward.

The depth increase & by moving the lever backwards the depth increases.

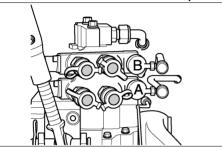
REMOTE CONTROL LEVER (OPTIONAL)



When using an attachment for an implement (rotavator, hydraulic plow, etc.), connect its hose to the proper port between the port A and B according to its use.

- Lever A operation Hydraulic pressure applied to the port A of the external hydraulic valve coupler
- Lever B operation Hydraulic pressure applied to the port B of the external hydraulic valve coupler

► REMOTE CONTROL VALVE (OPTIONAL)



<How to engage coupler>

- Clean the couplers on the tractor and implement thoroughly.
- 2. Remove the dust cover from the tractor side.
 - Then, fit the male coupler on the implement side while moving its external ring backward slightly.
- 3. Pull the male coupler on the implement side backward slightly to check its firm engagement.

<How to disengage coupler>

- Lower the implement on the ground to release pressure in the hydraulic hose.
- Stop the engine and operate the remote hydraulic lever to remove any residual pressure in the hose.
- Disconnect the male coupler on the implement side while moving its external ring on the tractor side backward slightly.
- 4. Wipe oil and dust from the coupler and plug the dust cover.

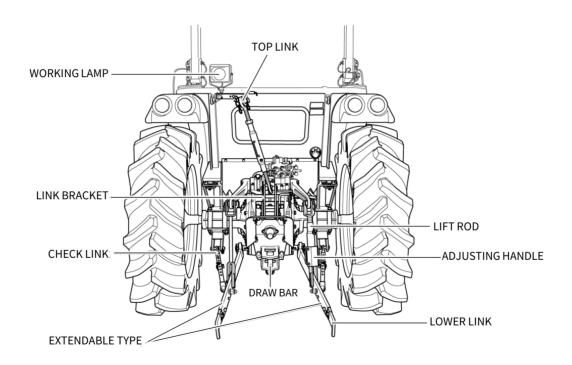
MARNING

- To prevent a burn and skin damage, make sure to stop the engine before connecting or disconnecting the coupler.
- Do not use your hands to check for oil leakage.

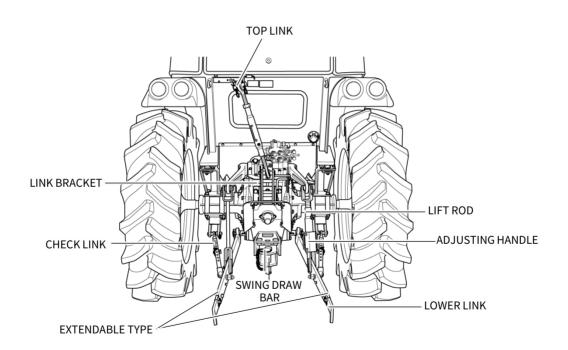


4. THREE POINT LINKAGE

► FIGURE OF THREE POINT LINKAGE (ROPS)

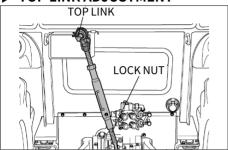


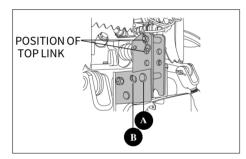
► FIGURE OF THREE POINT LINKAGE (CABIN)





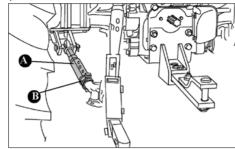
TOP LINK ADJUSTMENT





- The angle of an implement can be adjusted by extending or retracting the top link.
- After adjustment, fix the adjusting lever with its mounting nut.
- A POINT: GENERAL IMPLEMENT
- **B POINT: DRAFT CONTROL**

CHECK LINK



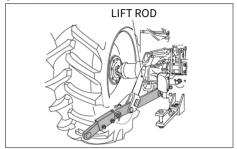
The stabilizers are intended for limiting or preventing implement side movement.

There should be no clearance (Position A) during implement transport and when working with grades, rollers mowers, seeders, drills and similar implements. However, a slight play is necessary (Position B) when working with ploughs, harrows, ditchers, cultivators and the like:

That is when working with "draft control".

The length of stabilizers is adjusted by removing the pin and rotating the turn buckle barrel by which the threaded ends are interconnected.

► LOWER LINK



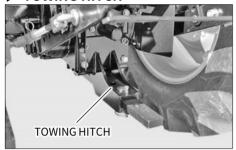
The adjustment is done with the adjusting handle on the Right hand Lift rod. To shorten it wind the handle clockwise and to lengthen it wind it counter-clockwise.

When adjusted correctly hold the turn buckle with the stopper provided. Push the point area and pull the end of the lower link to adjust the length of lower link.

IMPORTANT

- When no implement is attached, fix the lower links with the left and right check links so that they do not touch the rear wheels.
- Engage the top link with the hook.

TOWING HITCH



Install only an implement applicable to this tractor.

WARNING

- Make sure to use the towing hitch for towing to avoid rollover. Never tow anything by connecting a rope to the top link bracket, axle or safety frame.
- When using a rotavator that draws power through the universal joint from the PTO shaft, remove the towing hitch from the tractor. Otherwise, the universal joint hits and damages the towing hitch, leading to an accident.

PTO SHAFT CAP



When the PTO shaft is not in use, grease the PTO shaft and install the cap to it.

DANGER

- If caught by the PTO shaft, a severe injury or even death can occur.
- Stay out of the PTO shaft while it is rotating.
- When the PTO shaft is not in use, place the cap over it.

Also, never remove the PTO safety cover.

▲ WARNING

- It is dangerous to use an implement at a high speed if it is designed to be operated at a low speed.
- Before using an implement, make sure to read its owner's manual.

EXTERNAL POSITION LEVER



It is used to lift or lower an implement to the desired position and hold it at that position.

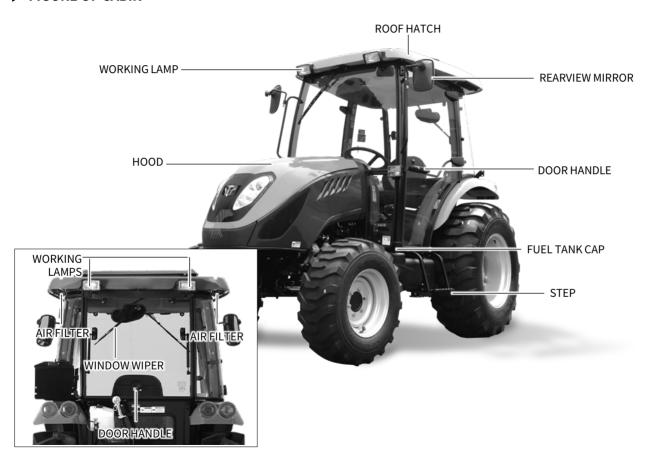
<How to operate>

- Lifting an implement: Push the lever up.
- Lowering an implement: Pull the lever down.



5. CABIN

▶ FIGURE OF CABIN



MAJOR FEATURES OF CABIN

The cab fully conforms to the international standard as far as safety and soundproofing are concerned. It can be provided with ventilation, heating and air-conditioning system.

It is available in the following version:

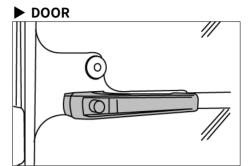
- Cab with ventilation and heating systems.
- Cab with ventilation, heating and airconditioning systems.

A CAUTION

- The cab is in full conformity with the international standards as to the cab's soundproofing.
- Be very careful when operating in small spaces and always protect your ears whenever other working equipment is generating dangerous noise levels.
- Remember that steering, braking and operational performances are highly influenced by the implements mounted, the trailers transported and the ballasts applied to the tractor.

A CAUTION

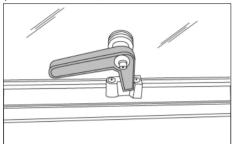
- When transporting heavy loads (Exceeding the weight of the tractor) reduce the speed under 15km/h (9.32 m/h).
- All the implements mounted onto the tractor must be safely secured.
- Be very careful during implement hitching and unhitching operations.
 When using implement supports, be sure they are suitable and sufficiently strong.



The doors are provided with key locks. To open from the outside, when unlocked, pull the handle.

To open from inside, push the handle

▶ REAR WINDOW



The rear window is fitted with central handle for opening.

When opened it is held in place by two dampers.

REARVIEW MIRROR



The cab is provided with rearview mirrors on both sides.

They can be adjusted and folded, whenever necessary, to avoid interference with external obstacles. The mirror have a telescopic arm to allow positioning for maximum convenience by the user.

Remember that mirrors must always be positioned in compliance with road traffic regulations when driving on a public highway.

WORKING LAMPS





The working lamps are located on the cab roof (two in the front and two in the rear).

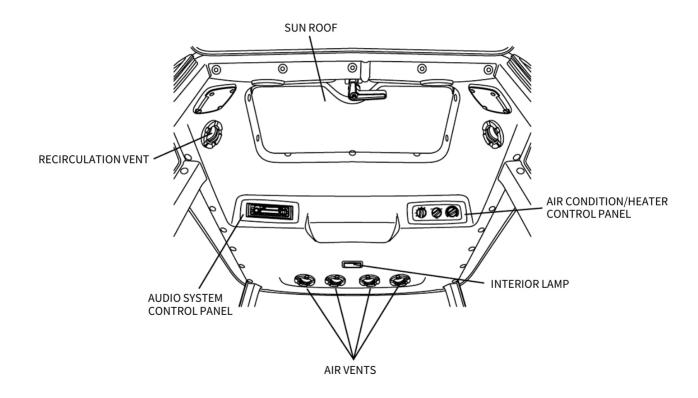
They are switched on by means of the special switches on the roof console.

► CAB CEILING

The ceiling is padded with insulation material to block heat radiation into the cab and keep the temperature down when working in very sunny areas. The cab platform is covered with a "firm grip" carpet in the most commonly used areas.

It is recommended to keep this carpet clear of earth, mud, etc. so that the operator may get on and off the tractor in full safety.

► INSIDE OF CABIN



▶ VENTILATION

The ventilation unit is housed in the cab ceiling.

To switch it on and adjust it, turn the electrical fan switch to the desired speed.

The cab becomes slightly pressurized when the ventilation system is in operation, so that the fresh air can enter only by way of the filter installed in the rear section of the cab roof.

The fan switch can be operated only after the ignition key is inserted.

The air flow can be regulated and directed by suitable positioning the air vents.

Air can be taken in fresh from outside or recirculated from within the cab by way of the relative side inlets.

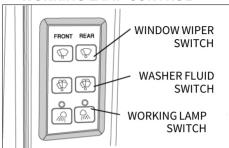
► RECIRCULATION INLETS FULLY CLOSED

Air is taken in entirely from outside the cab through the rear grille and filtered through a paper element positioned behind the grille.

IMPORTANT

- It is very important that the air vents never be completed closed so as to allow for a steady air flow.
- To obtain a greater pressurization inside the cab, it is necessary to take the air from the outside, therefore the inside air recirculating grille should be fully closed.

► WIPER, WINDOW WASHER, WORKING LAMP CONTROL



Wiper, window washer, working lamp control panel is located on right side of an operator.

- Windows wiper switch:
 Turn windows wiper on in front and
 / or back windows.
- Washer fluid switch:
 Spray window washer fluid in front and / or back windows.
- Working lamp switch:
 Turn working lamp on in front and / or back side.



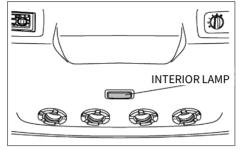
► WASHER FLUID TANK



Check the level of windscreen washer fluid in the plastic reservoir located on the rear side of tractor.

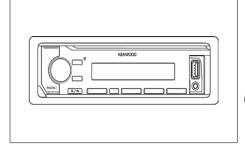
During winter it is advisable to add a suitable antifreeze or methyl alcohol to the windscreen washer fluid.

► INTERIOR LAMP



Push the button to light on and push it again to light off.

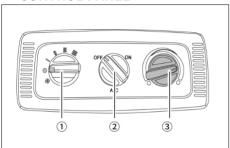
► AUDIO SYSTEM



Audio system with FM/AM radio, AUX input and Bluetooth connection.

For more detailed specification and instruction, refer to the manufacture's manual or JVC KENWOOD website.

► AIR CONDITIONER, HEATER CONTROL PANEL



- Blower control switch Air volume can be changed in 5 steps, from 0 to 4. At the '4' position, the largest air volume is obtained.
- Power switch This switch can turn on/off air conditioner system.
 - ON (turn right) A/C is turned on.
 - OFF (turn left) A/C is turned off.
- Temperature control switch Set this dial at the desired position to obtain the optimum air temperature.
 - Turn right to obtain warmer air.
 - Turn left to obtain cooler air.

To operate the air conditioner, the blower must be on.

The blower volume and temperature control and all vents must be adjusted to obtain the best cooling/heating for the ambient temperature and dust conditions.

When operating the air conditioner system, the moisture level is decreased.

IMPORTANT

- During cold weather, with ambient temperature above 32°F (0°C) operate the air conditioner at least once per month, for a period of 10 to 15 minutes. This will lubricate the seals to prevent them becoming brittle and help prevent the loss of refrigerant from the system.
- The system is equipped with an environmentally safe refrigerant, R134a. Never recharge the air conditioning system with refrigerant other than R134a as this will result in loss of cooling and permanent damage to all air conditioning components.

► HEATING SYSTEM

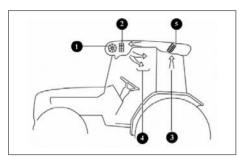
The heater is switched on and adjusted by rotating the control knob at the roof console, then switching on the blower and setting the selector at the preferred speed.

Warm the cab up quickly, the knob should be rotated fully clockwise and the blower set to speed 4. The screen is demisted or defrosted by air directed through a slot vent.

For defrost or fast demist, all other vents should be closed off.

■ IMPORTANT

- Ventilation is provided by a single blower unit serving both the heating system and the air conditioning system.
- After reaching the desired temperature adjust the system to suit your needs.



- Speed heating fan
- Electric resistances
- Air filter
- Recirculation inlets
- Air filter

▲ WARNING

- Before starting the engine, make sure the system is off (by turning off the ventilation fan) so as not to overload the battery.
- After the system at full power for a long period of time, never turn it off suddenly but let it first idle for about 20 seconds.

IMPORTANT

For ideal system operation, the engine must run at 1,000 rpm.

HEATING SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

The heating system consist of two units:

- Heater and blower unit installed behind roof console
- Power supplying set, consisting of an auxiliary alternator located front of the engine and driven by a belt directly linked to the engine pulley. If the air does not come out from the air vents right away as soon as the system is started, turn off immediately and identify the fault.

IMPORTANT

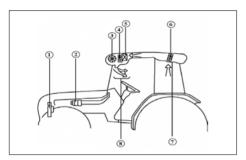
Never turn on the heating system when working in dusty environments.

HEATING AIR CONDITIONER **SYSTEM**

The system is designed to ensure optimum temperature inside the ca and maximum comfort and safety for the operator.

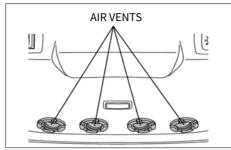
However, it is advisable to consult our specialized workshops whenever repairs or adjustments need to be performed.

Do not approach the system with open flames, as any escape from the circuit may produce a lethal gas.



- Alternator
- Compressor
- Speed fan
- Electric resistance
- Evaporator
- Air filter
- Recirculation inlets
- Air vents

AIR VENTS, CIRCULATION **VENTS**



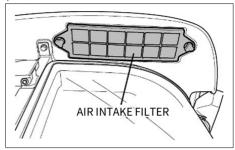
<Air vents>

With the air vent set in any position outside air will still be pulled into the cab.

<Circulation vents>

With the circulation vent set in any position outside Air will still be pulled into the cab.

CABIN AIR INTAKE FILTER



The "paper" filter is not suitable for the treatment of pesticides and so must be replaced by an "active carbon" filter available optionally.

Once the pesticide treatment is finished, it is necessary to once again replace the "Active carbon" filter with the paper filter, since this is the only type suited for filtering foreign particles from the air.

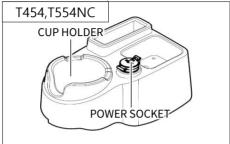
▲ WARNING

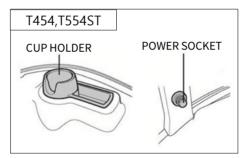
• Cab air filters remove dust in the air, but are not capable of removing chemicals used in spraying crops or in weed control

Many chemicals used for these purposes are toxic when improperly used, and can be hazardous to operators and others in the area.

Follow the instructions of manufacturers of both the equipment and the chemicals regarding prohibition of dust or spray, personal hygiene practices, and other precautions noted by the manufacturers.

CUP HOLDER, POWER SOCKET





<Cup holder, tray>

Put the bottles and personal belongings.

<12v Power socket>

Power socket is installed for electric devices. (12 volt)

► CHECKING THE AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM

1. Economic friendly refrigerant: R134a (0.55kg)

The presence of air and water in the system could jeopardize its efficiency.

- The air is uselessly compressed by the compressor and no cooling effect is produced.
- The moisture has a tendency rise to obstructions which prevent the cooling efficiency.
- Check belt tension: when finger pressure is applied to the mid-point between both pulleys.
- Condenser fins must always be duly clean using water or an air set.

► CHECKING THE AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM **CHARGE**

- 1. Check the refrigerant charge.
- Run the engine at 1,500 rpm.
- Set the air conditioning system in the coldest for 5 minutes.
- Check the sight glass dear or cloud.
- Check the refrigerant with receive drier sight glass.

▲ CAUTION

- If the air-con. is operated with not charged.
- The lubrication in the compressor can cause the damage.

► HOW TO CHECK THE AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM WITH THE NEEDLE OF HIGH-LOW **GAUGE**

To connect with manifold pressure

gauge can find the cause of air conditioning system. Because manifold pressure gauge is various sensibly. (Ambient Temperature is based on 30~35°C)

A CAUTION

Operating engine RPM 1500~2000 is must, and so to that you can check the correct cause and air conditioning. (In case below the figure of indicated pressure gauge has some clearance, confirm with approximate indicated needle data.)

► GAUGE PRESSURE CONVERSION

- $lb/in^2 = PSI$
- $1 \text{ kgf/cm}^2 = 14.223 \text{ lb/in}^2$ ex) $200 \text{ PSI} = 14 \text{ kgf/cm}^2$

D. OPERATION



1.	START & STOP OF ENGINE · · · · · · D – 2
2.	OPERATING TRACTOR · · · · · · · D – 4
3.	OPERATION OF PTO
4.	OPERATION OF DPF · · · · · · · · · · · D – 9
5.	IMPLEMENTSD – 11
6.	TOWING THE TRACTOR · · · · · · · D – 12
7.	CHECKS DURING DRIVING · · · · · · · · D – 14
8.	WORK PROCEDURES · · · · · · · D – 16
9.	OPERATION TIPS D = 22



1. START & STOP OF ENGINE

► HOW TO START ENGINE

- 1. Make sure that there is no obstacle around the tractor.
- 2. Seat on the driver's seat and confirm that the parking brake is applied.
- Check that each shift lever and PTO switch are in the neutral position.
- 4. Pull the throttle lever halfway.
- Depress the clutch pedal. The safety switch is activated.
- Insert the key into the main switch and turn the switch to the "ON" position. Check that the engine oil lamp and charge warning lamp come on.
- Turn the main switch to the "START" position. When the engine is started, release the switch.
- Confirm that all monitoring lamps go off after the engine is started.

IMPORTANT

- Never turn the key to 「start」 position while engine is running as this can cause serious damage to starter and engine flywheel.
- Avoiding running the start motor over 10 second.
 - It consumes lots of current.
- If engine cannot be started within 10 second, wait for 30 second and try it again.
- Especially in cold weather, always allow the tractor to idle for a while to warm up and build up for a while to warm up and build up sufficient oil pressure to ensure normal operating temperature for longer engine life.

MARNING

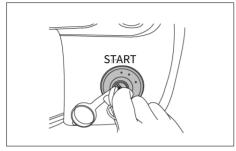
 Never start engine by connecting start motor terminal or safety switch directly. The tractor may move suddenly and cause an accident.

▶ RUNNING-IN PERIOD

Make sure to keep the following instructions for the initial 50 hour use.

- 1. Avoid abrupt starting and abrupt stopping.
- 2. Do not use excessive speed or load.
- Drive the tractor only when the engine is sufficiently warm.
- 4. Do not idle the engine at the maximum speed.
- Check each part and change oil and fluid after 50-hour use.
- Refer to the section Maintenance for adding and changing engine oil.

STOPPING ENGINE



- 1. Idle the engine.
- Turn the main switch to the "OFF" position.
- 3. Remove the key from the switch.

IMPORTANT

- Do not stop the engine at a high speed.
- If the engine has been running for an extended period of time, stop the engine only after idling it for 5 to 10 minutes.

► ENGINE IDLING

After starting engine, idle engine for 5 ~ 10 minute so that oil is delivered to each part of engine.

IMPORTANT

- If the engine is loaded right after it is started, it may cause engine stalling and failure. Make sure to idle the engine first.
- If neglecting to idle the engine, it can cause:
 - Seizure of the hydraulic pump
 - Failure in the hydraulic system.

A WARNING

- Make sure to apply the parking brake while idling the engine.
- Never idle the engine in a poorly ventilated area. It can cause carbon monoxide poisoning by emissions.

IDLING IN COLD WEATHER

Hydraulic oil in this vehicle is also used as transmission fluid.

If the temperature drops in winter so oil gets cold, its viscosity rises and the hydraulic pump cannot suck oil in, causing malfunction.

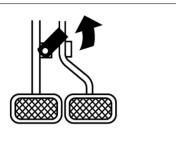
Make sure to idle the engine in winter according to the following instructions.

TEMPERATURE	TIME
32°F or higher (0°C or higher)	At least 10 min
32°F ~ 14°F (- 0°C ~ - 10°C)	10 ~ 20 min.
14°F ~ - 4°F (- 10°C ~ -20°C)	20 ~ 30 min.
- 4°F or less (- 20°C or less)	At least 30 min.



2. OPERATING TRACTOR

STARTING OFF



- Confirm that left and right brake pedals are interlocked when two brake pedals are installed.
 Make sure to interlock left and right brake pedals unless working in a field.
- 2. Lift an implement.
- Place the main shift lever, range shift lever and shuttle shift lever into the desired positions.
- Depress brake pedal to release parking brake.
- Release the clutch pedal slowly while depressing the throttle pedal to increase the engine speed.

► SHIFTING AND DRIVING

To shift during driving, depress the brake pedal to stop the vehicle in advance.

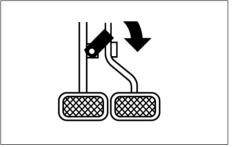
WARNING

- The driving speed in the reverse direction is almost the same to the speed in the forward direction.
 Make sure to check the surroundings carefully when driving backward.
- Especially, never drive backwards with the sub shift lever in the position high speed.

The driving speed becomes faster and it can cause an accident.

 Connect the left and right brake pedals when it is about to drive when two brake pedals are installed.

TURNING IN FIELD



When two brake pedals are installed.

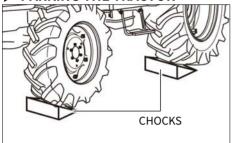
- 1. To turn in a field, release hook for left and right brake pedals.
- 2. Turn steering wheel and depress brake pedal for desired direction.
- 3. While turning, keep engine speed low and turn slowly.

When single brake pedal is installed. Turn steering wheel to desired direction.

A WARNING

- Avoid turning at a high speed. The tractor can fall on its side.
- When the tractor is installed with an implement, its overall length becomes large. Be extra care with other people and objects around when turning.
- Connect the left and right brake pedals when it is about to drive.

PARKING THE TRACTOR



- Stop tractor completely in level ground.
- If an implement is attached to vehicle, lower it.
- Set levers in neutral position.
- Apply parking brake.
- Remove key from key switch.

WARNING

- After parking, make sure to apply the parking brake.
- Avoid parking on a slope if possible. If it is absolutely necessary to park on a slope, chock the rear wheels.

START ON STEEP SLOPE

- Depress the brake pedals.
- Depress the clutch pedal to disengage the clutch.
- Place each shift lever in the low speed position.
- Set the engine at the mid speed with the throttle lever
- Release the clutch pedal slowly and keep it depressed halfway.
- Release the brake pedal slowly at the same time.
- Pull the throttle lever again to rev up the engine. Then, release the brake and clutch pedals together to start off.

TIPS FOR DRIVING ON SLOPE

- Set the main shift lever in the low speed position on a slope to prevent the engine from stop-ping.
- 2. Keep the driving speed low on a downhill road
- 3 Do not set the main shift lever in the neutral position depress the clutch pedal on a downhill road.

IMPORTANT

When the needle on the coolant temperature gauge is pointing at 「H」 or coolant lamp comes on, engine is overheated. If running the engine under this condition continuously, the engine parts can be severely damaged. Make sure to take an appropriate action immediately.

▲ WARNING

On a downhill road, use the engine brake.

Otherwise, it can cause an accident.



► CAUTIONS FOR DRIVING INTO OR OUT OF FIELD

- Check that left and right brake pedals are connected.
- It is dangerous to drive into/out of a field if the field is deep from its bank. Use ramps.
- 3. Move in the perpendicular direction to the bank.
- 4. When driving out of the field, lower the implement so that the front wheels cannot be lifted.
- 5. It is recommended to drive into a field backward to utilize full power.

MARNING

- Be careful to keep the tractor's balance when working on a slope.
 The tractor may become out of balance and roll over.
- It is very dangerous to ride a person as a front weight.

► LOADING TO OR UNLOADING FROM TRUCK

- When loading the tractor onto a truck, drive backward.
- 2. Be extra careful when using ramps.
- If the engine stops on ramps, depress the brake pedals immediately and release them slowly to move onto the ground. Then, start the engine again to climb the ramps again.

CAUTIONS FOR DRIVING ON ROAD

- When changing the direction on a road, use the turn signal lamp to inform other drivers.
- 2. Use the low beam when there is any vehicle coming on the other side at nighttime.
- 3. Check that the left and right brake pedals are connected.
- 4. Keep the work lamps off when driving at night.
- 5. Follow any applicable laws and keep safe driving.
- 6. Never let anyone ride the tractor, except yourself as a driver.

MARNING

 If driving on a road with an implement attached, the front side of the tractor tends to be lifted and vehicle may not be steered properly.

3. OPERATION OF PTO

Rear PTO is provided for variable utility. The engine will not start if PTO switch is ON position.

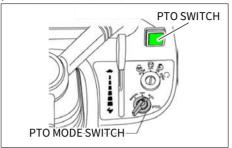
The engine will shut-off if the operator leaves the seat with parking brake released and PTO engaged.

РТО	PTO speed
REAR	540 RPM

▲ WARNING

- To avoid damage of transmission and implement, do not engage PTO with the engine running at high speed.
- Do not operate any implement at a high speed than is specified for it.
- When making adjustments to the implement, stop the engine to avoid serious iniury.
- When leaving the tractor stop the engine and remove the key. Apply parking brake.

OPERATING PTO



Follow next steps to use PTO.

- Decrease engine speed to near idle.
- Change PTO mode switch and / or PTO shift lever to desired positions.
- Turn on the PTO switch.
- Increase engine speed to desired speed.

▶ PTO LAMP



PTO monitor lamp indicates the state of the PTO shaft.

- If the monitor glows: The PTO is rotating.
- If the monitor is off: The PTO is off.
 - If the monitor blinks: The PTO is presently stationary but will instantly start rotating of the clutch pedal is released or the implements lowered.



PTO ROTATION TABLE

N/A: not applicable

PTO SWITCH	PTO MODE SWITCH	POSITION OF IMPLEMENT	PTO LAMP	PTO SHAFT ROTATING
OFF	N/A		OFF	OFF
N/A	OFF	N/A	OFF	OFF
ON	AUTO	RAISED	BLINK	OFF
ON	AUTO	LOWERED	ON	ON
ON	MANUAL	N/A	ON	ON

- From the table above we learn about the safety features of the PTO.
 When the monitor on the dash panel is blinking it indicates to the operator that the PTO is in the on position but temporarily not rotating because the implement is lifted off the ground or both.
 - The PTO will start rotating instantaneously when the implement is lowered to the ground.
- The operator must use this blinking signal to clear the area around the tractor off bystanders/onlookers as the rotating blades of certain implements can accidentally cause injuries to the persons standing near the tractor.
- The stopping of the PTO when the implement is lifted off the ground with the position control prevents the damage to the implement or the PTO shaft.

A WARNING

- When the PTO mode switch is in manual position the PTO does not stop rotating. If working on hard soils, pavements with a rotary implement the PTO ON/OFF switch must be put to the OFF position to stop the PTO from rotating. If this is not done, the rotating blades of the implement will push on the hard ground below and in turn push the tractor toward causing accident which can lead to serious injuries or death.
- Extra precaution must be taken to clear the area of bystanders/onlookers when using PTO driven implements.
 The rotating blades of the implements can cause serious injuries on contact.
 The warning that is indicated by the blinking PTO monitor is to make the operator aware that the PTO is in on position and will instantly start rotating if the implement is lowered or both.
- In no case the specified rotating speeds indicated by the implement manufacturer be crossed as the same can lead to serious damage to the tractor/equipment and can lead to serious injuries to persons around.



4. OPERATION OF DPF

▶ OPERATION SEQUENCE

► LAMPS RELATED TO DPF PROCESS BUZZING

1) Cleaning logic (30% valve operation) is performed at every key-on after

(DPF WARNIG LAMP ON)	lectronic exhaust valve leaning.			
_	PROCESS	LAMP STATUS	BUZZING STATUS	
INCREASE ENGINE RPM TO MAX	DPF REGENERATION PROCESS REQUIRED	ON	BUZZING 3 TIMES [1 sec. – 1 sec. – 1 sec] BUZZING AGAIN IN 1 MIN.	
PRESS DPF GENERATION SWITCH FOR 3 SEC.	DPF REGENERATION PROCESS START		BUZZING 1 TIME [2 sec.]	
ELECTRONIC EXHAUST VALVE OPERATION	DURING DPF REGENERATION PROCESS	ON ON BLINKING		
DPF WARNING LAMP GOES OFF	DPF REGENERATION COMPLETE	ALL LAMPS GO OFF	BUZZING 3 TIMES [1 sec. – 1 sec. – 1 sec]	



▶ ABNORMAL OPERATION DURING DPF REGENERATION PROCESS

ISSUE		LAMP	LAMP STATUS
	MPERATURE OVER 105°C EGENERATION PROCESS		[ON] + [ON] + [BLINK]
	REGENERATION FAILED		[BLINK] + [BLINK]
RELEASE MODE	RELEASE MODE		[BLINK] + [BLINK]
	FORCE RELEASE		[BLINK] + [BLINK] + [BLINK]

► ENGINE AND DPF MALFUNCTION

ISSUE		LAMP	LAMP STATUS
ENGINE SENSOR FAULT	RPM	+ RPM OFF	[ON]
	COOLANT TEMPERATURE	+ COOLANT TEMP OFF	[ON]
ELECTRONIC EXHAUST VALVE FAULT			[BLINK] + [BLINK]
DPF FAIL	DPF DAMAGE		[ON] + [ON]
DFF FAIL	DPF REMOVAL		[ON] + [ON]





5. IMPLEMENTS

► CONNECTION TO IMPLEMENTS

- Make sure to stop the engine before connecting the implements.
- Move the double acting valve lever forward and backward for 4 to 5 times to release pressure in the hydraulic line of tractor. Otherwise, it is hard to connect the couplers, and hydraulic fluid can be sprayed from the line and get in to your eyes while connecting them.
- Remove any foreign material around male and female couplers. If foreign material enters the hydraulic components, it can lead to malfunction of the system.
- Open dust-proof cover of female coupler of the tractor and insert the male coupler of the implement. A clicking sound is heard when the couplers are engaged.
- Pull the hydraulic hose of the implement to check that the couplers are properly connected.
- Hydraulic control valves may not exist depending on tractor model.

▶ DISCONNECTION FROM **IMPLEMENTS**

- Make sure to stop the engine before disconnecting it.
- Release any residual pressure in the hydraulic hoses of the implement and tractor by operating the double acting valve lever 4 ~ 5 times.
- Remove any foreign material around the couplers.
- Keep the implement balanced by removing any load applied (lowering it onto the ground, for example). If disconnecting the hose while
 - outer load is applied to the implement, it is hard to connect the implement in the future.
- Remove the male coupler by pushing the female coupler boss of the tractor backward.
- Close the dust-proof cover of the female coupler of the tractor. Wrap the male coupler of the implement with a plastic bag to prevent contamination.

MOUNTING IMPLEMENTS

If the PTO is used, remove the safety cover off the PTO shaft.

Adjust the voke rod on the lower links to suit the implement in use.

Attach the left lower link, then attach the right lower link using the adjusting handle on the leveling box if required. Attach the top link.

Attach PTO shaft to the tractor if used. making sure that it is locked in place. Adjust the check chains to suit the implement and tighten the locknuts.

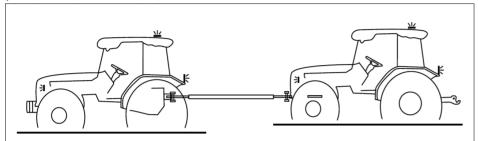
MARNING

- Never connect or disconnect the implement hydraulic hose while the pressure in it is not released or the engine is running.
 - It's hard to connect and disconnect the hose and hydraulic fluid can be sprayed from the hose, and get into your eyes or skin.
- stop engine and wear protective glasses and gloves before work.



6. TOWING THE TRACTOR

TOWING THE TRACTOR



The tractor can be towed only for short distances, such as, for example, from inside to outside a building.

A broken down tractor should be towed for the minimum indispensable distance to remove it from potentially dangerous conditions.

Observe all legal provisions as envisaged in the highway code relative to national legislation regarding towing manoeuvres.

DANGER

NEVER permit other persons to access the tractor operator position during towing.

▲ WARNING

We recommend transporting the tractor on a low loader in the case of longer transport distances. Comply with the maximum width and height regulations for road transport. Check that the loader is suitable for the

weight of the tractor to be transported.

A CAUTION

• An operator must always be at the tractor's controls when the tractor is being towed.

TOWING WITH ENGINE RUNNING

Towing with the engine running can be performed if forced gearbox lubrication is ensured.

- Engine speed between 1,200 ~ 1,300 rpm.
- Maximum towing speed 8km/h
- Maximum towing distance 1km

For towing the tractor use only a standard bar applied to the front towing hitch approved by the manufacturer. Make sure to use the correct pin for the towing hitch and that it is secured with its locking pin.

Clean all lights required for road use, front and rear, and make sure they are in working order.

Before starting towing check the following conditions:

- Unhitch any implement from the tractor;
- Lock the two brake pedals together with the connecting latch;
- Disengage the power take-off and differential locks;



- Set the shuttle control lever and gear lever to neutral:
- Move the sub shift lever to the high speed position;
- Move the creeper lever to neutral:
- Display the SMV (Slow Moving Vehicle) sign and turn on the rotating beacon and hazard lights

During road transfers observe the following instructions:

- Wait until traffic thins before joining the road. Exert caution in the proximity of unregulated intersections. Slow down until you have a clear view in both directions
- Keep in your lane and drive as close as possible to the curb.
- If a tailback builds up behind you pull into a lay-by as soon as possible to allow the traffic to pass
- When stopping the tractor (in any circumstances) apply the parking brake.

Travel speed must always be such as to allow complete control and stability of the tractor in all conditions

DANGER

Never attempt to tow the tractor with ropes (including steel ropes) because rope breakage can cause serious injury.

MARNING

Switch on the hazard warning lights and revolving warning lights.

Affix suitable notices indicating that the tractor is being towed.

Observe and follow the relevant national regulations.

Observe local safety regulations.

TOWING WITH ENGINE OFF

With engine stopped and with forced gearbox lubrication system inoperative the tractor should not be towed except when safety is at risk.

IMPORTANT

With engine stopped and with forced gearbox lubrication system inoperative the tractor can be transferred to a service center only when loaded onto a transporter.

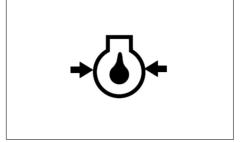


7. CHECKS DURING DRIVING

► CHECK DURING DRIVING

Constantly monitor the warning lamps on the monitor panel and if any comes on, stop the tractor to determine the cause.

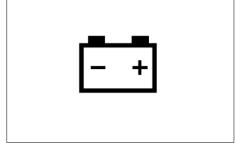
OIL PRESSURE



If the oil pressure lamp comes on check the oil level first of all.

If the oil level is OK, ask a qualified dealer to check the reason for the lamp coming on.

▶ BATTERY CHARGING



If the alternator warning lamp comes on check all connections and ensure that the fan belt is not broken.

If all connections and the fan belt are intact consult your dealer to determine the cause of the problem.

▶ FUEL GAUGE



To avoid excessive condensation in the fuel tank refill at the end of each day's work and ensure during the day that it does not drop to a low level where the fuel system will require bleeding to expel air in the system after refilling the tank.

COOLANT TEMPERATURE



If the coolant warning lamp comes on, the engine is over-heated.

Stop the tractor and check followings:

- Radiator coolant
- Radiator fin for clogging
- Fan belt for looseness

If necessary, have your tractor checked by workshop.

DANGER

Allow the engine to cool down before opening radiator cap as serious burns may result due to hot steam and boiling water.

DPF REGENERATION



When the DPF warning lamp is comes on, DPF regeneration is needed. Park the tractor on level surface, perform regeneration work at wellventilated area to prevent gas poisoning.



8. WORK PROCEDURES

PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING **IMPLEMENTS**

- When driving the tractor to attach or detach an implement, make sure that there is no one in between or around the tractor and implement.
- 2. Install and remove the implement only on safe and level ground.
- 3. When installing a heavy implement, install weight on the front to keep balance.
- When adjusting an implement, apply the parking brake, stop the engine and set the PTO switch in the OFF position in advance.
- To tow anything, use the towing hitch only.
- When working with a front loader, install an implement to the back to keep balance (if necessary).

▲ WARNING

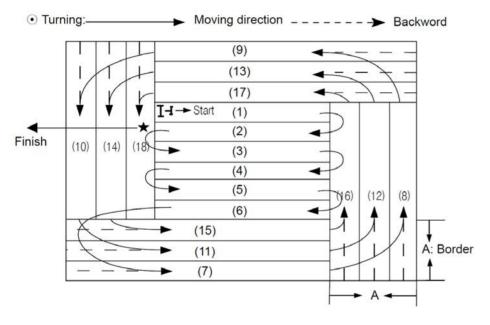
- Read instructions on warning decals on each implement thoroughly before work
- To avoid an injury due to mishandling of an implement, read the user's manual of the implement thoroughly and work safely and precisely with caution.
- Installation of an improper implement can lead to an injury. Install only implements specified by the manufacturer.

▶ GENERAL IMPLEMENT

<Safety precautions for rotavator>

- Never remove the safety cover of the rotavator
- Do not remove the PTO shaft cover and safety cover on the universal joint.
- When adjusting each part, disengage the PTO and stop the engine in advance.
- When driving on a road, keep the PTO disengaged.
- Also, keep the rotavator lowered on a road as long as it does not hit the ground.
- For the universal joint, its inner shaft and outer shaft should be overlapped at least 15 cm.
- Check that the universal joint is firmly fixed to the tractor and rotavator shaft.

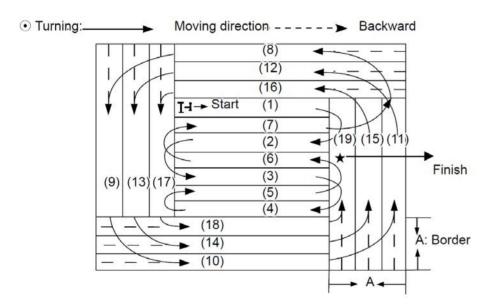




1. Sequential returning plowing pattern

- This pattern can be useful in a wellplanned field in a good condition.
- The border shown in the figure is the effective plowing width of the rotavator and should be set a little narrower than three times of one plowing width.
- The starting point is the ending point.
- Plow in a sequential pattern from (1) to (6) and in a circular pattern from (7) to (18).
- When driving forward to plow, have the bank on the right side.
- Be careful not to press already plowed soil with the wheels.

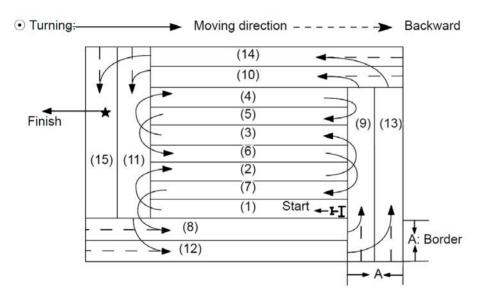
OPERATION



Alternating returning plowing pattern

- This pattern is useful for narrow or short fields or poorly planned fields in which are not easy to turn.
- In the figure, the plowing width for (1), (2), (3) and (4) should be overlapped with the one for (5), (6) and (7) for approx. 10 cm.
- For the sections (1) to (7), perform plowing in an alternating pattern. For the sections (8) to (19), plow in a circular pattern.
- Refer to the sequential returning pattern for other details.



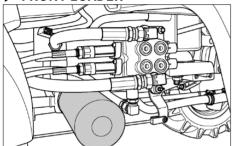


Land leveling pattern

- The land leveling work may be performed after crushing soil or not.
- The vehicle speed can be set faster when performing the land leveling work with soil crushed already.
- When working in a wet field, fill the field with a sufficient amount of water so that the trace of plowing cannot be seen.
- The border shown in the figure should be set a little narrower than two times of one plowing width.
- Refer to the alternating returning pattern for other details.

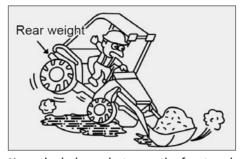
OPERATION

FRONT LOADER



WARNING

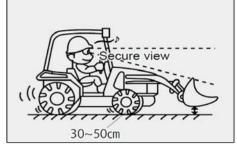
- When connecting the hydraulic pipes, set them according to the operating directions specified on the label attached to the side of the joystick lever.
- Abnormal operation of a loader can lead to an accident.



Keep the balance between the front and rear by installing a weight to the back of the tractor or attaching a weight or implement using the three point link.

IMPORTANT

 If it is hard to steer the tractor for plowing as the front wheels are lifted, install additional weight to the front. (if no loader is installed.)



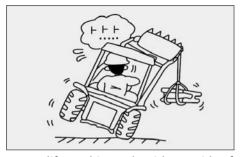
When transporting things with a loader, lower the loader and keep the driving speed slow.

Keep the loader 30 ~ 50 cm off the ground and the driving speed below 5 km/h.

When going onto a slope or unpaved area, lower the speed and drive with care.

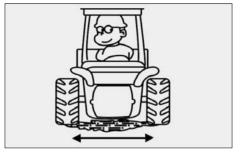




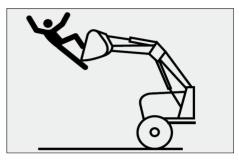


Do not lift anything only with one side of the tractor.

If so, the tractor may fall on its side. Make sure to distribute the load evenly.



Keep the clearance between the rear wheels as large as possible for safety of the tractor.



▲ WARNING

- Do not let anyone ride a loader for work, such as spreading fertilizer. He/she may fall off the loader, leading to an injury or even death.
- Always lower the loader to the ground before leaving the tractor.

IMPORTANT

• This chapter only provides brief descriptions and instructions for a rotavator and loader. Therefore, for detailed operational instructions and other descriptions, refer to the user's manual of each implement.



9. OPERATION TIPS

To save fuel & oil in your tractor, following things should always be kept in mind.

► AIR CLEANING SYSTEM

- 1. Clean the air cleaner regularly so that dust does not settle down.
- For every 50 hours & every day in sandy/dusty conditions.
- Clean the air cleaner filter element with compressed air.
- If the rubber ring is cut or expanded then change it with an appropriate one.
 - Fix the rubber at the proper location & check for leakages if any.
- If air is leaking through the hose connection, check & rectify other leakages, too.

IMPORTANT

 If air cleaning system is not properly maintained, it will lead to early wear of piston rings & sleeves.
 This will lead to problems like loss of engine power, excessive oil consumption fuel consumption.

ENGINE

- Put the engine oil on load after the engine is heated & the water temperature gauge indicates the needle to be in the green zone.
- 2. If excessive black smoke is visible, then the paper element of air cleaner, Fuel injection pump or nozzles should be checked.
- 3. Do not run the engine without load for more than 2 minutes.It is better to stop the engine rather than run it idle.This will help in saving of fuel.



▶ BRAKE

- If the tractor has to be stopped for a long period, it is advisable to bring the transmission in neutral position.
- Do not override the brake pedals.
- While coming down from a slope, reduce the engine throttle & use low gear.

Do not depend only on the brakes for stoppage.

▶ OIL SYSTEM

- Always use recommended grade of oil.
- Every day before starting the engine, check the oil level with a dipstick & refill between the minimum & maximum level
- Charge the engine oil. Replace filter & O-ring, as & when required.

LUBRICATING OIL

GENERAL

Modern diesel engines place very high demands on the lubricating oil to be used. The specific engine performances which have increased constantly over the last few years lead to an increased thermal load on the lubricating oil. The lubricating oil is also more exposed to contamination due to reduced oil consumption and longer oil change intervals. For this reason it is necessary to observe requirements and recommendations described in this operating manual in order not to shorten the life of the engine. Lubricating oils always consist of a base oil and an additive package. The most important tasks of a lubricating oil (e.g. wear protection, corrosion protection, neutralization of acids from combustion products, prevention of coke and soot deposits on the engine parts) are assumed by the additives. The properties of the base oil are also decisive for the quality of the



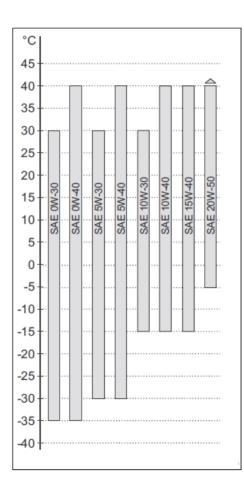
product, e.g. with regard to thermal load capacity. In principle, all engine oils of the same specification can be mixed. However, mixing of engine oils should be avoided because the worst properties of the mixture are always dominant.

VISCOSITY

The ambient temperature at the installation site or in the application area of the engine is decisive for choosing the right viscosity class. Too high a viscosity can lead to starting difficulties, too low a viscosity can endanger the lubrication effect and cause high lubricating oil consumption. The viscosity is classified according to SAE. Multipurpose lubricating oils should be used basically.

■ IMPORTANT

 The prescribed lubricating oil quality must be observed when selecting the viscosity class.



- Always use filtered diesel for the fuel system.
- At the end of the day's working, it is preferable to fill the diesel tank so that it may prevent condensation.
- 3. Change the filter, if the system gets choked.

Do not change both the filters at the same time.

If the above directives are not adhered to, the fuel injection pump & injection nozzle will lose its life early.

Also, it will lead to excessive black smoke & excessive diesel consumption.

** Please refer to 「APPENDIX」 chapter for more details of diesel fuel.



▶ WINTER OPERATION WITH **DIESEL FUEL**

Special demands are placed on the cold behavior (temperature limit value of the filterability) for winter operation. Suitable fuels are available at filling stations in winter.

At low ambient temperatures paraffin discharges can lead to blockages in the fuel system and cause operating faults.

IMPORTANT

For engines with common rail injection, the mixing of petroleum and adding of extra low additives is not permissible.

► COOLING SYSTEM

- Check the fan belt tension regularly. Adjust, If required.
- Check the coolant level in the radiator fins always clean.
- Replace the radiator cap with a genuine cap only, if required.
- Do not remove the thermostat but replace with a new one, if required.
- Do not change the radiator water often.

※ Please refer to 「APPENDIX」 chapter for more details of coolant

▶ OTHERS

In liquid-cooled engines, the coolant must be conditioned and monitored. otherwise the engine could be damaged by:

- Corrosion
- Cavitation
- Freezing
 - Overheating



OPERATING TIPS FOR POWEER STEERING WHEEL

- Operate the power steering wheel only while the engine is running. You may feel the steering wheel heavier with a low engine speed.
- When an implement, such as a loader, is attached to the front, the steering wheel may be felt heavy with the tractor stopped. If so, operate the steering wheel while driving the tractor at a low speed.
- When the steering wheel is completely turned to one end, the safety valve is activated to output the audible signal (relief sound). When this sounds, avoid using the steering wheel (O.K. only for a short time).

Also, never turn the steering wheel completely continuously.

- Turning the steering wheel to its end unnecessarily (with the tractor stopped) can wear tires rapidly.
- In winter, warm up the engine sufficiently before use.
- When repairing components, such as a pipe, make sure that no foreign material enters the system.
- The steering wheel can be operated with a small amount of force. Therefore, operate it with care and keep your hands on it at all times.

WARNING

Releasing the steering wheel during driving can result in a collision and rollover. Never release the steering wheel during driving.

E. MAINTENANCE



1.	MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE · · · · · · · · · E – 2
2.	OPENING COVERS · · · · · · E – 4
3.	CHECKS & SERVICING EACH PART····· E – 5
4.	GREASING EACH PART · · · · · · E – 20
5	STORING THE TRACTORF = 21



1. MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

► PERIODICAL CHECK AND SERVICE SCHEDULE TABLE

Check or adjust each part only when engine is stopped.

When any hot part should be serviced, wait until it is cooled down.

○: Check · Add · Adjust

• : Replace

★ : Replace at first time only

 \triangle : Clean

	INCRECTION DART					TIM	IE OF I	USE					YE	AR	DEDI ACE/DEMARK
	INSPECTION PART	50	100	150	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	550	1	2	REPLACE/REMARK
	ENGINE OIL LEVEL		CHECK ENGINE OIL LEVEL BEFORE WORK												
	ENGINE OIL & FILTER	*					•					•	•		EVERY 250HR OR 1 YEAR
	FUEL FILTER										•				
	FULE HOSE & BAND										0			•	EVERY 2 YEAR
Е	AIR CLEANER ELEMENT		Δ		Δ		Δ		Δ		•				EVERY 500HR
N	AIR CLEANER HOSE & BAND										0			•	EVERY 2 YEAR
G I	INLET HOSE & BAND										0			•	EVERY 2 YEAR
N	COOLANT													•	EVERY 2 YEAR
E	COOLANT LEVEL		CHECK COOLANT LEVEL BEFORE WORK												CHECK BEFORE WORK
	RADIATOR & RADIATOR NET			CLE	AN RA	DIATC)R & R/	ADIAT	OR NE	T BEFC	RE W	ORK			CLEAN BEFORE WORK
	RADIATOR HOSE & BAND										0		•		EVERY 2 YEAR
	FAN BELT & A/C BELT					0					0				REPLACE IF IT IS NEEDED
	BATTERY		0		0		0		0		0				REPLACE IF IT IS NEEDED



Check or adjust each part only when engine is stopped.

When any hot part should be serviced, wait until it is cooled down.

○: Check · Add · Adjust •: Replace

 \bigstar : Replace at first time only \triangle : Clean

	INCREATION DADT					7	ГІМЕ С)F US	Ē					YE	٩R	DEDI 4 05 (DE144 D)/
	INSPECTION PART	50	100	150	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	550	600	1	2	REPLACE/REMARK
	TRANSMISSION OIL & CARTRIDGE	*										Every 500 hours or 12 months after 1st 50 hours				
	CLUTCH PEDAL PLAY						CHEC	K BEF	ORE W	ORK						(0.78 ~ 1.18in)
С	STATE OF BOTH BRAKE PEDALS		CHECK BEFORE WORK													
H A	OPERATION OF EACH LEVER		CHECK BEFORE WORK												Smooth operation	
S S I	FREE PLAY OF STEERING WHEEL													About 50mm(1.97in) of wheel circumference		
S	TOE-IN						0						0			
	GREASE IN FRONT WHEEL HUB						0									
	CHECK THE STEERING WHEEL JOINT															
	WHEEL NUT FASTENING TORQUE		CHECK BEFORE WORK													



Check or adjust each part only when engine is stopped.

When any hot part should be serviced, wait until it is cooled down.

 \bigcirc : Check \cdot Add \cdot Adjust

●: Replace

★: Replace at first time only

 \triangle : Clean

	INSPECTION PART					٦	гіме с	OF US	Ē					YE	AR	DEDI ACE/DEMARK
	INSPECTION PART	50	100	150	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	550	600	1	2	REPLACE/REMARK
	LOOSE BOLTS AND NUTS		CHECK BEFORE WORK													Tighten to proper torque
	OPERATION OF THE INSTRUMENT		CHECK BEFORE WORK													
C H	ADJUSTMENT OF THE THROTTLE PEDAL						0									
A S	GREASE EACH NIPPLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
S I	OIL OF THE 4WD FRONT AXLE												Get serviced by workshop at first 50HR			
S	CHECK THE ELECTRIC WIRING		CHECK BEFORE WORK												Without loose or broken terminals or missing wiring. Correctly clamped	
	HYDRAULIC HOSES&PIPES						0									



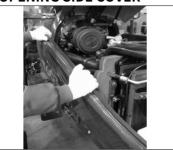
2. OPENING COVERS

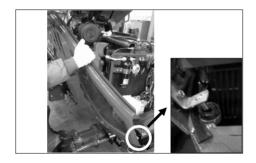
► OPENING HOOD



With the hood up, the hook release lever can be removed by pulling rearwards, having first detached the hood lamp wiring harness. Hood can be open by itself.

▶ OPENING SIDE COVER



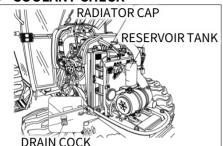


To open the side cover, following next steps.

- 1. grasp the side cover, pull the forward panel upward to separate from guide the support pin (1).
- 2. And pull the side panel forward again.

3. CHECKS & SERVICING EACH PART

COOLANT CHECK



Remove the radiator cap and ensure that the coolant is up to the filler neck and that it is clean with the correct antifreeze or anti corrosion inhibitor in it. If the coolant is a rusty color, drain the system completely and refill with the correct mixture of water and anti-freeze or corrosion inhibitor.

A WARNING

- If coolant gets on your skin, it can irritate the skin and cause a skin condition.
 - Make sure to clean your skin with soap and water or hand cleaner.
- Please refer to 「APPENDIX」 chapter for coolant specification and capacity.

► COOLANT CHANGE

Follow steps below to change coolant.

- Remove the hose to drain the coolant.
- Open the radiator cap at the same time.
- To give a thorough clean run a hose into the radiator and flush it out.
- Close the tap and refill the radiator with a coolant mixture of water and corrosion inhibitor or anti freeze.
- Start the engine and allow it to run for approx. 5 minutes, check the water level again and top up if required.

A CAUTION

- Do not remove the radiator cap on a hot engine.
- Serious burns, can result from the contents of pressurized, hot radiators.
- Allow the engine to cool down and then turn the cap slowly to ensure, that there is no excessive pressure in the radiator.
- Check coolant level after changing it.

► ANTI-FREEZE

If coolant freeze, the engine can be damaged.

Please ensure followings.

Clean the radiator before adding antifreeze.

Mixture ratio of antifreeze is different by manufactures and temperature.

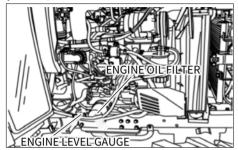
Follow the guide of manufacture's manual.

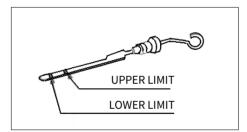
Adding antifreeze in case of:

- If evaporated Add water for reduced amount.
- If leaked Add mixture of antifreeze and water with same mixture ratio.



ENGINE OIL CHECK

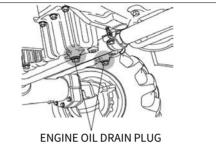




Follow the steps below to check engine oil.

- Pull out the dipstick, wipe its tip and insert it again.
- Check that oil level is between the upper and lower limits.
- If insufficient, add more oil, but never excess 100 hours of service interval.

ENGINE OIL CHANGE



Follow the steps below to change engine oil.

- 1. Ensure that engine is cool enough not to get burnt.
- Unscrew the drain plug on lower section of the engine to drain contaminated engine oil.
- After draining engine oil, tighten the drain plug.
- Remove the cap of engine oil, add specified amount of engine oil through engine oil filling hole. Always change the engine oil filter when changing engine oil.

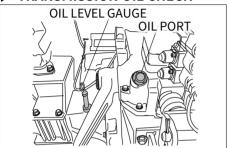
IMPORTANT

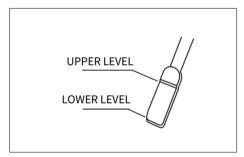
- Do not add engine oil over upper limit level.
- When trying to use new oil from a different manufacture or oil with different viscosity, drain used oil completely before adding new oil.
- Always use the same oil, as using different oils or specifications can cause damage.
- Dispose off the old oil as per local regulations.
- Please refer to **FAPPENDIX** chapter for engine oil specification and capacity.

A CAUTION

- If engine oil gets on your skin, it can irritate the skin and cause a skin condition.
 - Make sure to clean your skin with soap and water or hand cleaner.
- Make sure to cool down the engine sufficiently before draining oil. Oil is very hot and can cause a burn if changing oil right after the engine is stopped.
- Check engine oil level after filling it.

► TRANSMISSION OIL CHECK

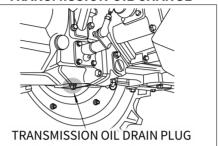




Follow the steps below to check transmission oil.

- 1. Ensure the engine is stopped.
- Check transmission oil level with dip stick on top of transmission in rear of the seat.
- 3. If insufficient, add transmission oil through oil port.

► TRANSMISSION OIL CHANGE



Follow the steps below to change transmission oil.

- Unscrew the drain plug on the lower section of the transmission to drain contaminated transmission oil.
 - Since hot oil flows out of the engine first, be careful not to get burnt.
- 2. After draining oil, tighten the drain plug.
- Add specified amount of transmission oil through the filling hole.

Filling hole(oil port) is located in rear of the seat

IMPORTANT

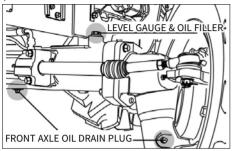
- Do not add transmission oil over upper limit level.
- Check the transmission oil before start the engine or at least 5 min after the engine is stopped.
- When trying to use new oil from a different manufacture or oil with different viscosity, drain used oil completely before adding new oil.
- Please refer to 「APPENDIX」 chapter for transmission oil specification and capacity.

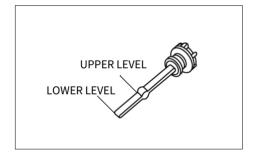
A CAUTION

- If transmission oil gets on your skin, it can irritate the skin and cause a skin condition.
 - Make sure to clean your skin with soap and water or hand cleaner.
- Make sure to cool down the engine sufficiently before draining oil.
 Oil is very hot and can cause a burn if changing oil right after the engine is stopped.
- Check transmission oil level after filling it.



► FRONT AXLE OIL CHECK





Follow the steps below to check front axle oil.

- 1. Park tractor on level surface, lower implements and shut off engine.
- 2. Remove front axle oil cap.
- Wipe the dip stick on oil cap, dip and screw oil cap into front axle oil filling hole.
- 4. Unscrew oil cap and pull out.
- 5. Check the level with dip stick.
- 6. If the level is low, add more oil through filling hole.

► FRONT AXLE OIL CHANGE

Follow the steps below to change front axle oil.

- 1. Park the tractor on level surface.
- 2. Lower the implements and shut off the engine.
- 3. Remove front axle oil cap.
- Remove the top plug (vent plug) from each final drive to vent air from final drives.
- Remove the dip stick from the filter hole and add specified amount of front axle oil.
 And allow time for the oil to drain into the final drives.
- 6. Check the oil level with the dipstick and replace the vent plugs on both final drives and tighten.

MAINTENANCE

IMPORTANT

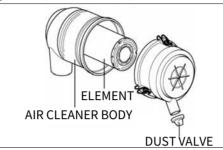
- Please refer to 「APPENDIX」 chapter for front axle oil specification and capacity.
- Some operators have found that when they fill with the correct amount of oil and dip it, the oil level on the dipstick is too high due to the fact that it takes a while for the oil to run into the final drives.

Opening the vent plugs helps to speed this up.

A CAUTION

- Always ensure that you use the correct oil for topping up or oil changes.
- Check front axle oil level after filling it.

AIR CLEANER DUST VALVE

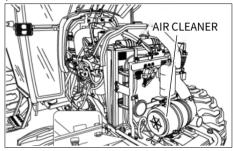


Pull out the valve with a hand and remove dust from its inside.

If it is dirty or watery, wine it with a dirty or watery.

If it is dirty or watery, wipe it with a dry rag thoroughly before fitting it again.

AIR CLEANER ELEMENT

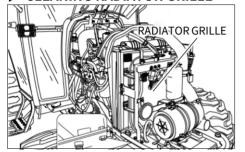


Follow the steps below to clean or change air cleaner element.

- Remove the locking plate and split hose to separate air cleaner from the tractor.
- Remove dust by blowing compressed air from the inside toward the outside of the element.
- 3. Keep proper distance between the air nozzle and element.
- After cleaning the element 5 times or if it is damaged, replace with new element.



CLEANING RADIATOR GRILLE



Insects, grass straw and dust can all block the radiator, condenser and reduce its efficiency.

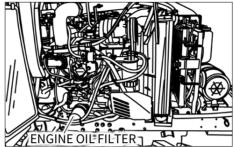
Follow the steps below to clean radiator grille.

- Release the bolt and pull to remove the cover.
- Gently clean radiator grille with air blower or tap water.

IMPORTANT

Do not clean the radiator fin with water iet. It can deform the fin.

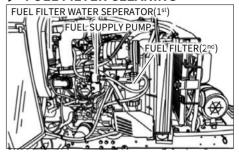
ENGINE OIL FILTER CHANGE



Follow the steps below to change engine oil filter.

- Remove the oil filter using a filter wrench.
- Smear lightly the rubber seal on the new filter with oil to ensure.
- Turn the filter clockwise until the seal contacts the base and then turn it another ²/₃ turn to tighten it.

FUEL FILTER CLEANING



Fuel filter/water separator (if equipped) is not usually supplied by Yanmar.

The following test describes a typical fuel filter/water separator. Refer to the OFM information for further information in the fuel filter/water separator.

- Turn fuel supply valve (if equipped) to OFF position before performing this maintenance.
- 2. Place a tray under fuel filter in order to catch any fuel that might spill.
- 3. Clean up any spilled fuel immediately.
- 4. Close fuel supply valve (if equipped).
- Clean outside of fuel filter assembly.

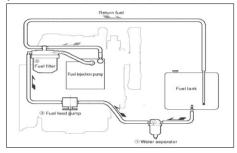
- Note: If fuel filter element is not equipped with a drain, remove cap. Remove nylon insert in order to reduce lever of fuel in fuel filter element. A reduction in level of fuel in fuel filter element will help prevent fuel from being spilled when element is removed.
- Notice: Do not use a tool in order to remove fuel filter. Attempting to remove fuel filter with a filter wrench or a filter strap could damage the locking ring.
- Hold fuel filter and rotate quick release collar counterclockwise.
 Removed and discarded.
- Note: If the element is equipped with a sediment bowl, remove the sediment bowl from the element. Thoroughly clean the sediment bowl. Inspect the O-ring seals. Install new O-ring seals, if necessary. Install the sediment bowl to the new element. Hand tighten the sediment bowl.

- Hand tightening is the only method that should be used.
- Notice: Do not fill fuel filters with fuel before installing them.
 Contaminated fuel will cause accelerated wear to fuel system parts.
- 7. Ensure that the fuel filter base is clean. Push a new fuel filter fully into the fuel filler base.
- Hold the fuel filter in place. Fit locking ring into position. Rotate the locking ring clockwise in order to fasten the fuel filter to the fuel filter base.
- 9. Open the fuel supply valve (If equipped)

IMPORTANT

- Never use petrol (gasoline) thinner or similar inflammable material to wash the primary fuel filter.
- After replacing the filter always bleed the system.

BLEEDING FUEL SYSTEM

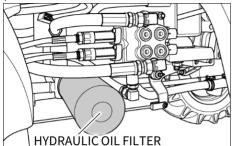


Follow next steps to bleed fuel system.

- 1. Fill the tank with fuel and turn the ignition key to on.
- 2. Loosen the air breather screw of the fuel filter two or three turns.
- When fuel free from air flows (bubbles) from the air breather screw, tighten the air breath screw.
- 4. The bleeding of the system is now finished.

MAINTENANCE

HYDRAULIC OIL FILTER



Follow next steps to check hydraulic filter.

- Remove the filter with a filter wrench.
- Apply oil or grease on the seal, fit by hand until seal contacts bare
- Turn it $\frac{2}{3}$ rd turn further to tighten it.
- Check for leaks.

► FUEL TANK



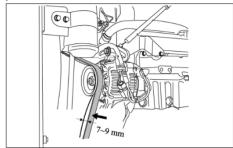
Use the fuel gauge to check the fuel level and top up if too low.

It is a good practice to refill the tank immediately after use to avoid condensation.

A CAUTION

• As diesel fuel equipment is susceptible to contamination by dust or water. Ensure that all dust and water is kept well away from the fuel tank.

► FANBELT CHECK

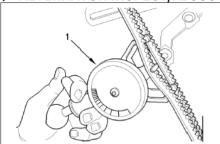


Check the fan belt tension regularly and adjust if required.

The correct tension is, if the center of the belt is pushed with a finger, that it moves in approx. 7 ~ 9mm under 6 ~ 7kgf.

To adjust the fan belt, loosen the top bolt on the alternator, move the alternator to the desired position and tighten the alternator pivot bolt and the link bolt to 22 N.m(16lb ft)

ALTERNATOR INSPECT/ADJUST/REPLACE



Yanmar recommends a scheduled inspection of alternator. Inspect alternator for loose connections and proper battery charging. Inspect ammeter(If equipped) during engine operation in order to ensure proper battery performance and/or proper performance of electrical system. Make repairs, as required. Check alternator and battery charger for proper operation.

If batteries are properly charged, ammeter reading should be very near Zero. All batteries should be kept warm because temperature affects cranking power. If the battery is too colt, the battery will not crank the engine.

When engine is not run for long periods of time or if engine is run for short periods. Batteries may not fully charge. A battery with a low charge will freeze more easily than a battery with a full charge. For applications that require multiple drive belts, replace belts in matched sets. Replacing only one belt of a matched set will cause the new belt to carry more load because the older belt is stretched. The additional load on new belt could cause new belt to break. If belts are too loose, vibration causes unnecessary wear on belts and pulleys. Loose belt may slip enough to cause overheating. To accurately check belt tension, a suitable gauge should be used.

Fit the gauge(1) at center of the longest free length and check tension. Correct tension is 535N(120 lb). If tension of belt is below 250N(56 lb) adjust belt to 535 N (120 lb). If twin belts are installed, check and adjust the tension on the both belts.

► AIR CONDITIONER COMPRESSOR BELT ADJUSTMENT



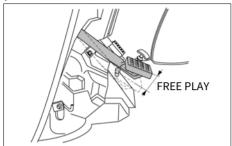
<CHECK>

- 1. Check the compressor belt tension regularly and adjust If required.
- 2. The correct tension is if the center of the belt is pushed With a finger it moves in approx. 10 mm (0.39 in) as shown in the picture.

<ADJUST>

- To adjust the belt, loosen the top bolt on the alternator, move the alternator to the desired position and tighten the bolt.
- 2. Also ensure that the bottom alternator bolts are tighten.

ADJUSTING BRAKE PEDALS

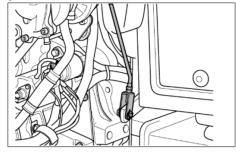


As is the case with the clutch, use of the brakes will change the pedal free play and the balance between the right and left pedal. The correct pedal free play is 1.18 ~ 1.57in.

Follow the next steps to adjust.

- Loosen the locknuts to adjust the brake.
- Turning counterclockwise to increases the free play, or turning clockwise to decreases.
- 3. Tighten the locknut and confirm to fix the nuts.
- Check that the free play is correct and the same on both pedals to ensure even braking.

ADJUSTING CLUTCH PEDAL



Using the clutch over a period of time will increase the free play.

The correct free play of the pedal is 0.78 ~ 1.18in.

To adjust, loosen the locknut on the turnbuckle and adjust.

Check the adjustment and tighten the locknut if the free play is correct.

► ADJUSTING THROTTLE LEVER, **TOE-IN, HOSES AND LINES**

THROTTI F I FVFR

If this lever is either loose or difficult to move, please consult your workshop for rectification of the problem.

TOF-IN

If the toe-in adjustment is incorrect it can cause severe shaking of both the steering wheel and the entire tractor. The correct toe-in is $0.08 \sim 0.24$ in. We recommend that the adjustment is made by the workshop.

HOSES AND LINES

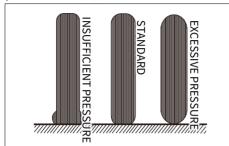
The fuel lines, radiator hoses, hydraulic and rubber hoses are consumables, which deteriorate by age and use. Check them regularly and replace if faulty.

A CAUTION

- Damaged fuel lines leak and cause fires.
- Damaged radiator hoses can cause hot water burns and in severe cases seize the engine.

MAINTENANCE

TIRE PRESSURE



The air pressure used in the tires has a direct bearing on the life of the tire and its performance in the field.

Ensure that the tire pressures are correct.

To make a visual judgment, see drawing on top.

⚠ DANGER

Excess tire pressure can cause accidents!

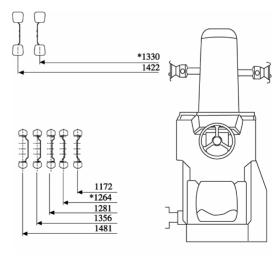
▶ WHEEL TREAD ADJUSTMENT

As T454/T554 models of TYM are front wheel assist the front track can be set in 2 positions.

The rear track can be set in 5 positions as illustrated.

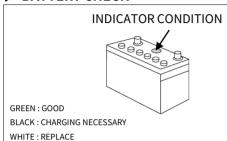
MODEL	DIVISION	TYRE	AIR PRESSURE (kgf/cm²)	TRACK ADJUSTMENT		
T454 T554	FRONT	9.5-16 6PR	2.1	1,330mm		
T454, T554	REAR	13.6-26 8PR	1.5	1,264mm		

^{*}Air pressure of tires may vary depending on the tires.



Unit:mm

BATTERY CHECK



The original battery is maintenance free. But the water in the electrolyte can evaporate during use. So it needs to service for longer life.

The electrolyte level of the battery can evaporate during use thus lowering the level. Where it does so replace it with distilled water. Where a spillage has reduced the level, replace it with electrolyte.

A CAUTION

- Electrolyte contains acid and can cause serious burns.
- Any spillage on skin should be washed off by water immediately.

BATTERY MAINTENANCE

Low temperatures will affect the performance of batteries so take particular care of it in winter. For long-term storage of the tractor, remove the battery and keep it in a cool dry room.

If it is on the tractor while stored, disconnect the negative terminal. Batteries will self-discharge if left for a period of without use time. To keep them in good condition charge them once a month in summer and every second month in winter. When replacing the original battery, ensure that the replacement battery is the same size.

Failure to do so can cause problems with the electrical circuit.

IMPORTANT

Low electrolyte levels can cause premature battery failure and corrosion.

BATTERY JUMP START

- Turn off all electric devices.
- Connect positive terminal of normal battery to the positive terminal of discharged battery with jump cable.
- Connect the negative terminal of the normal battery to the engine body of the tractor for discharged battery with the jump cable.
- 4. Firstly, start the engine of the vehicle with the normal battery. Then, start the engine of the tractor with the discharged battery.
- 5. After the engine is started, disconnect the negative cable first. Then, disconnect the positive cable.
- Charge the discharged battery for approx. 30 minutes after the engine is started.

A CAUTION

Make sure to connect positive terminal first and connect negative terminal to the engine body of the tractor with the discharged battery.

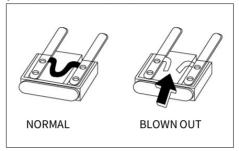
► HARNESS AND FUSES CHECK

Loose wires make inferior connections and damaged wires can cause short circuits, fires burnt wiring or reduce efficiency of components. Replace or repair any faulty wiring or insulation. If a fuse burns out again after it has been replaced, do not replace it with wire or a high capacity fuse, find the cause and rectify it or get auto electrician to do so. Where insulation is chafed or peeled off, recover the area with a good quality insulation tape. Where wiring comes out of it's fitting replace it correctly with the standard fitting.

■ IMPORTANT

- Incorrect wiring or fuses can cause fires to both the tractor and surrounding area so get the dealer to check it annually.
 - Likewise fuel pipes and wiring age with use.
- Ask your dealer to check it at least once every 2 years and replace as required.

► FUSE REPLACING



The circuit has blade type fuses in its wiring circuit.

When a fuse has blown replace it with one of the same value.

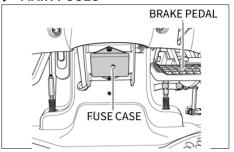
Using a large capacity fuse or wire burn out the wiring system.

Use fuse tongs to replace fuses.

IMPORTANT

- Always check the reason for a blown fuse otherwise the new fuse is also likely to blow.
- NEVER EVER USE A WIRE in place of correct grade fuse.

MAIN FUSES



The wiring harness is equipped with main fuses whose function is to preserve the wiring.

However when a main fuse blows the entire circuit is dead.

Always check the reason & rectify before replacing the fuse of the same value. To indicate that the fuse is blown it will be discolored.

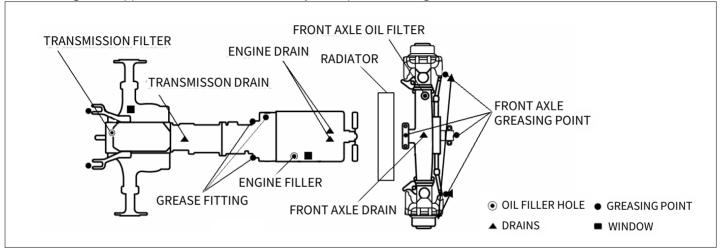


4. GREASING EACH PART

▶ GREASING THE TRACTOR

Grease the tractor according to the service schedule.

Ensure that grease nipples are cleaned well before any attempt is made to grease them.



BRAKE AREA



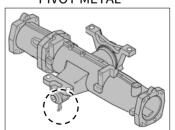
LIFT ROD



FRONT AXLE



PIVOT METAL



MAINTENANCE

5. STORING THE TRACTOR

► SERVICE PRIOR TO DAILY AND SHORT TERM STORAGE

Wash the tractor and keep it clean. Fill the tank to avoid condensation and rust.

Lower any attached implement to the ground before parking the tractor. For long-term storage consult your dealer.

► FOR DAILY OR SHORT TERM STORAGE

Clean the tractor and remove all dirt from field work.

Fill the fuel tank to avoid condensation and rust.

Lower the implement to the ground. Keep it in a machinery shed or, if not available cover the unit if left outside.

In very cold conditions it is advisable to remove the battery and keep it inside in a warm environment.

This will ensure effective starting when the tractor is required.

When the outside temperature is below 0°C (32°F), replace the antifreeze completely or drain the coolant to protect the engine from damage from frozen coolant.

IMPORTANT

- When washing the tractor ensure that water does not get near electrical components or the oil filter points.
- To prevent short circuits remove the ignition key.
- Do not wash the tractor when the engine is running.



► LONG TERM STORAGE

When the tractor will not be used for a long time carry out the cleaning as for short term storage.

Drain the oil and replace with new oil. Run the engine for approx. 5 min. to ensure that it has new oil throughout the engine.

Drain the coolant from the radiator and remove the ignition key.

Attach a tag both the key and the steering wheel saying 「No coolant」. Lubricate all grease and oil points on the tractor.

Check the pressures and add a small amount of extra pressure.

Lower any implement to the ground or store in a shady dry place.

Place a piece of wood under each tire to preserve the tire.

IMPORTANT

- After refilling the engine with the coolant run the engine for approx. 5-10 min. at 1,500 ~ 2,000rpm every month as a corrosion prevention measure.
- Either removes the battery or the negative terminal as mouse damage to wiring can cause short circuits and fires.
- Remove the ignition key and store in a safe place.

REUSE AFTER LONG TERM **STORAGE**

Carry out a full check of all oils and coolant.

Refit the battery and run the engine at idle for 30 min. to ensure optimum engine life.

MEN		 		 		 						 		 	



F. TROUBLESHOOTING

1.	ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING · · · · · · · · · · F – 2
2.	BRAKE TROUBLESHOOTING · · · · · · · · · · · F – 5
3.	STEERING WHEEL TROUBLESHOOTING · · · · F – 6
4.	HYDRAULIC SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING · F – 6
5.	ELECTRIC INSTRUMENTS
	TROUBLESHOOTING······F – 7
6	AIR CONDITIONER TROUBLESHOOTINGE = 8



1. ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING

	ISSUE	CAUSE	ACTION
	The start motor does not rotate when the key switch is turned	 Clutch pedal released PTO switch set to ON position Defective safety switch Battery discharged Loose terminal Faulty switch Defective start motor 	 Depress the clutch pedal Set the PTO switch to the OFF position Have it repaired or replaced by workshop Charge the battery Check for looseness and corrosion. Clean, tighten and apply grease Have it repaired or replaced by workshop Have it repaired or replaced by workshop
	The start motor runs, but its speed cannot be increased	Weak batteryPoor groundIncorrect viscosity of engine oil	Charge battery.Clean contact and connect ground firmlyChange engine oil with proper viscosity
E N G I N E	The start motor runs, but engine cannot be started	 Air in fuel system Clogged fuel filter No delivery of fuel Defective engine Defective key stop unit 	 Bleed the system Clean or replace the filter Open the cock and add fuel Have it repaired or replaced by workshop Have it repaired or replaced by workshop
	Engine runs irregularly	 Air in fuel system Clogged fuel filter Clogged injection nozzle Fuel leak from pipe Poor fuel injection quality 	 Bleed the system Clean or replace the filter Have it repaired by workshop Tighten the clamp, replace the pipe and machine and attach the copper washer Have it repaired by workshop
	Engine stops at low speed	 Defective injection pump Incorrect engine valve clearance Low idle speed Faulty nozzle 	 Have it repaired or replaced by workshop Have it repaired or replaced by workshop Adjust speed to the rated speed Have it repaired or replaced by workshop



	ISSUE	CAUSE	ACTION				
	The engine overruns	Restricted governorOil rise	Have it repaired by workshopHave it repaired by workshop				
	The engine stalls suddenly	 Low fuel level Faulty nozzle Engine seizure by insufficient oil or poor lubrication 	 Add fuel and bleed the system Have it repaired by workshop Have it repaired by workshop 				
ENGIN	The engine is overheated	 Insufficient coolant amount Loose or damaged fan belt Clogged radiator Insufficient engine oil 	Add coolantReplace the beltClean radiatorCheck and add				
E	The engine produces white or black smoke	White smoke Clogged air cleaner Excessive engine oil amount Insufficient fuel delivery amount Black smoke Low quality fuel Excessive fuel amount delivery Insufficient nozzle pressure	White smoke Check and clean it Check and set the proper amount Have it repaired or replaced by workshop Black smoke Add specified fuel Have it repaired or replaced by workshop Have it repaired or replaced by workshop				

	ISSUE	CAUSE	ACTION
	The engine power is insufficient	 Clogged or carbon on nozzle tip Insufficient compression or gas leak from valve seat Incorrectly adjusted valve clearance Incorrect injection timing Insufficient fuel Clogged air cleaner 	 Have it repaired or replaced by workshop Add more fuel Clean the air cleaner element
E N G I N E	The oil warning lamp comes on during driving	 Low engine oil level Low viscosity of engine oil Faulty pressure switch Defective oil pump Oil filter element clogged 	 Add engine oil to specified level Change oil with proper viscosity Replace the switch Have it repaired by workshop Replace the element
	The charge warning lamp comes on during driving	 Defective wiring Defective alternator Defective battery Damaged fan belt 	 Check for loose or missing terminal, short circuit and poor ground and repair as necessary Have it repaired by workshop Replace the battery Replace the belt



2. CLUTCH SYSTEM

	ISSUE	CAUSE	ACTION
C L U	The clutch slips	Incorrectly adjusted pedal	Adjust the pedal play
C H	The clutch cannot be disengaged	Incorrectly adjusted pedal	Adjust the pedal play

3. BRAKE TROUBLESHOOTING

	ISSUE	CAUSE	ACTION
B R A	Brake does not operate or brake on one side operates only	 Excessive brake pedal free play Worn or seized liner Different play of left and right pedals 	 Adjust the free play Have it repaired by workshop Set the left and right free play to the same
K E	The brake pedal does not return to its original position properly	Damaged brake return springNo grease on sliding part	Replace the springRemove rust and apply grease



4. STEERING WHEEL TROUBLESHOOTING

	ISSUE	CAUSE	ACTION
E E R	The steering wheel feels heavy or The steering wheel vibrates	Improper toe-inIncorrect tire inflation pressureVibration from each connection	 Adjust toe-in Set left and right tires to same specified pressure Tighten or replace connection
	The free movement of steering wheel is excessive	 Worn steering wheel shaft Worn metal parts Free play from each connection 	 Have it repaired by workshop Have it repaired by workshop Tighten free play of each connection

5. HYDRAULIC SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

	ISSUE	CAUSE	ACTION
H Y D	Oil leaks from the pipe or hose	Loose clampsCracked pipes	Tighten clampsHave it replaced by workshop
L C S Y	Hydraulic pressure won't be decreased	 Lowering speed control lever fixed Defective valve Damaged cylinder Damaged and seized lift shaft rotating part 	 Set it to the lowering position Have it repaired by workshop Have it repaired by workshop Have it repaired by workshop
	The hydraulic pressure won't be increased	 Insufficient engine RPM Insufficient transmission fluid Air sucked into suction pipe Clogged oil filter Defective hydraulic pump Defective valve Damaged cylinder 	 Set the speed to 1,000 to 1,500 RPM Add to the specified level Tighten the connection. If any pipe or hose is cracked or O-ring is damaged, replace them. Have it repaired by workshop Have it repaired by workshop Have it repaired by workshop



6. ELECTRIC SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

	ISSUE	CAUSE	ACTION	
E L E C T R I C S Y S T	The battery won't be charged	 Blown fusible link Defective wiring Defective alternator Loose or damaged fan belt Defective battery function 	 Check the wiring and replace the fusible link Check for loose or missing terminal, short circuit and poor ground and repair as necessary Have it repaired by workshop Adjust the tension or replace the belt Check for loose or corroded terminal and insufficient electrolyte and take any necessary action 	
	The headlamp does not produce enough light	Low charging level of batteryContact failure in wiring	Charge Check, clean and re-tighten the ground and terminal	
	The headlamp does not come on	Blown bulbBlown fuseContact failure	 Replace the bulb Check the wiring and replace the fuse Check and clean the ground and terminal 	
E M	The horn does not operate	Defective horn switchDefective wiringDamaged horn	ReplaceRepairRepair or replace	
	The turn signal lamp does not blink	Blown bulbDefective flasher unitPoor contact	 Replace the bulb Replace Check and clean the ground and terminal 	
	The work lamp does not come on	Blown bulbContact failure	Replace the bulbCheck and clean the ground and terminal	



7. AIR CONDITIONER TROUBLESHOOTING

	STMPTOM	CONDITION	CAUSE	REMEDY
COMPRESSOR	Abnormal sound	Inlet / Outlet sound	 Insufficient lubrication Belt tension release Release the bracket Clutch fail 	ReplenishAdjustTighten the boltsCheck
	Abnormal revolution	Inlet causeOutlet cause	 Damaged parts Slip the clutch Not Lubricated Belt tension released 	Check, replaceCheck, replaceReplenishAdjust
	Refrigerant or oil leakage	Refrigerant or oil leakage	Sealing washer damagedHead bolt releasedD-ring damaged	ReplaceTighten the boltsReplace
	Excessive pressure	• Low, high pressure	Insufficient refrigerantCompressor	Adjust Replace
MOTOR	Weak from pressure or don't work	Motor is normalMotor is abnormalAir leakage	 Air inlet clogged Evaporator freezing Ventilator switch damaged Compressor Motor failure Wire cut Duct leakage 	 Remove Controlling minimum pressure Replace the switch Replace Replace Replace Check, tighten
	Unable to control the fan	• Motor	Air volume control switch failureMotor failure	Check, tightenReplace
	Noise	 Regular or irregular noise 	Interference with pulley	Control compressor direction
СТЛТСН	Disengage	Engaged sometimesEngaged to push with handNo defect wire	Wire defectClutch gap largeLow voltageMalfunction	Check wireAdjustCheck batteryReplace
	Slip	Slip during rotation	Low voltageOil stick at clutchMalfunction	Check batteryCleanReplace





TO ENSURE SAFE AGRICULTURAL WORK, SAFETY
PRECAUTIONS FOR USE OF AGRICULTURAL
MACHINERY ARE SET BY THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF
AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING.

READ THIS INFORMATION THOROUGHLY ALONG WITH THE USER MANUAL TO ENSURE SAFE WORK.

1. STANDARD FOR FARMWORK

► SAFETY MARK

Always make sure to check the operating condition of the safety lamp (such as turn signal lamp) before operating the machine.

※ If any lighting system is removed
※ It may lead to an unexpected accident because it is not possible to give signals to people or machine nearby.

► INSTRUCTION BEFORE USE

Operator must attend his/her health and should get enough rest.

Before using the machine, check it and repair if there is a malfunction.

- Check if the assembly of front and rear wheels is okay.
- Check the tightening of bolts and nuts in each unit.

Do not drive if you are mentally unstable, drunk, pregnant, under the age of 16, not trained, overworked, sick, under the influence of drugs, and any other reason that may affect normal operation of the machine.

Please wear the appropriate working clothing.

- Put on a hard hat to protect your head.
- Put on a hat and a working clothes, to prevent an injury such as being twined into the machine.

- Protective measures to prevent any injury on foot or slipping - Put on an appropriate non-slippery shoes to prevent a fall from the machine, scattering soil, and slippery surface.
- · Measures against dust and toxic gas.
- · Wear an appropriate protective gear.
- Measures against the herbicide: wear protective gear to protect respiratory system, eyes and skin.
- Measures against noise: wear a protective gear to protect your ears.
- Handling protective gear: do neither let children get on the machine nor get close to the machine.

If it is not possible to park the agricultural machine on a road either due to a breakdown or any other reason, operator must take an action such as moving the equipment to a place other than a road.

< ≥

Also, put a signal that there is a broken car, 100m behind and 200m at night in accordance with Automobile Regulation Article 23.

When starting to drive, make sure to check around carefully.

 Do not let anyone such as a child get close to the machine, keep them away and then drive the machine.

Do not load flammable, explosive material (diesel, gasoline, etc) on the machine.

When getting on and off a truck, have a helper give you signal and follow his/her lead.

Refer to chapter A in user's manual regarding the decals on the machine.

► CHECKUP LIST FOR OPERATION

Before using the machine, check it and repair if there is a malfunction.

Check engine oil.

 Pull out level gauge, wipe off any fuel leak, put it back in, and pull it out again to see if the oil level is between 「upper limit」 and 「lower limit」.

Before any operation, check for any foreign materials caught on the engine, muffler, battery, and the fuel tank. Remove them immediately.

Covers that are removed during the maintenance work should be reinstalled to their original positions.

· Attach the cover correctly and firmly.

► CAUTIONS DURING THE WORK

Do not load anything that can interfere driving.

• Always keep the driver's seat clean.

Always buckle up when driving.

Opening radiator cap when heated can spring out the steam to have the operator burned.

Open the cap after it is sufficiently cooled down.

Do not drive with depressing the differential gear pedal.

Prohibit anyone to get on the machine.

- Prohibit anyone to get on the machine other than the designated place.
- Even though there are some designated place, do not let people more than capacity get on the machine.

- Never let any passenger mount on the machine.
 - Also, do not put any object on the machine.
 - Keep people away from the machine.
- Do not jump on/off the operating machine except for emergency.

Be cautious not to let anyone touch the belt.

Always check the connected area of belt. When two people are working collaboratively, exchange signals each other.

Prevent injury.

- Do not touch power transmission gear, rotating unit, and other dangerous parts.
- Pay special attention if you are working with the machine with blade or sharp projection.
- Be careful not to injure from the work where soils and stones are scattered around.

Safety in inspection, adjustment, etc.

- Make sure to stop the motor and carry out the work in a safe environment.
- When leaving the machine for a break, or other reason, leave the machine in a safe place and descend the working unit to keep them in a safe stopped state.

Removing and installing should be carried out in a safe place and with a safe method.

Do neither stay nor insert foot under the working units.

CAUTIONS WHEN DRIVING ON FARM ROAD

Driving on roads

- Drive safely observing the relevant regulation.
- · Drive at safe speed.
- Be careful not to disturb other drivers.
- When driving a machine with sharp blade or bump, put on a warning sign or detach in advance to prevent any injury.
- Do not drive fast particularly on winding roads with projecting rocks.
- When driving at night, do not detach lighting device. (headlight, turn indicator, work light, brake light, etc.)
- Do not drive fast, abrupt starting, abrupt acceleration, sudden stop, and quick turning.
- When driving at high speed, do not slam on the brake. Never slam on the brake especially when turning at high speed.

ORK 🏂

When loading/unloading the machine

- Choose a place with a leveled and safe ground.
- · Drive at low speed.
- Use a ramp with anti-slippery.

When entering paved road

- Use a ramp to cross a ditch or a bank.
- Make sure to use a ramp to enter/exit a high footpath. Be careful with fall and not to overturn.
- Check the safety around the surrounding before starting to drive.

When driving on a slope

- Drive at the minimum speed, lower the operating machine as low as possible and low the center position.
- Place the key clutch in neutral position or do not de-press the key clutch pedal.

► INSTRUCTION AFTER USE

When the work is completed, stop the engine on a leveled ground, check the machine to clean. (remove any foreign materials)

 Remove straws, dirt, etc. and clean around the engine, silencer, and fuel tank.

Lay a cover on the transplanter (equipment) after the muffler and engine cool down.

Get a regular inspection after the season is over.

 When discarding a part (battery, oil, etc.) or scrap a machine, consult to a dealer and proceed accordingly.

For long-term storage, remove the battery from the machine and store it or disconnect the negative battery cable.

► CAUTIONS FOR INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE

Do not refuel either when the engine is still hot or while driving.

Measures against a fire: Every working place with a risk of fire should be provided with a fire extinguisher. Prevent a fire by taking measures such as making a smoking area.

Always wipe off the leaked fuel.

Be seated in the cab when starting the engine.

After refueling, tighten the fuel cap and check if there is any fuel leakage from tank or pipe.

When opening a cap to supply water to radiator, be careful because steam or boiling water may spray due to overheating.

When getting off the cab, turn off the engine, lock the parking brake and remove the ignition key.

If it is inevitable to park on a slope, choke the wheels.

Park on a leveled and safe ground safely.

Check if the wiring code is in contact with other parts, peeled, loosen or having spacing.

Manage PTO

- · Stop PTO before stopping the engine.
- Do not remove the PTO protective cover or protective panel for operating machine.
- Do not use PTO adaptor in order to extend the PTO coupler or universal joint to outside of PTO protective cover.

To repair, secure the wheel width, or changing the wheel under either tractor or trailer, with the tractor or trailer raised, choke the wheels that are on the ground.

Do not use hydraulic jack for operating machine or tractor. Instead, use block or stand.

Safety frame

- Do neither weld nor drill a hole on the attached safety frame. Also do not modify it.
- Replace the damaged safety frame with a new one.

 If the safety frame was removed for specialized work, restore it immediately.

Be careful to touch dangerous area such as power transmission gear, rotating unit, etc. Put on a protective cover.

Do neither modify nor remove the safety device.

When checking and replacing the blade to plow the ground

- · Stop the engine.
- Prevent the rotary from falling by turning the fall adjusting handle to stop hydraulic pressure.
- · Apply the parking brake.
- Do not stand between tractor and rotary.

When working with rotary

 Do not put your hands near the rotating part such as blade axle and universal joint.

- · Do not ride on the rotary.
- When driving backward or turning quickly with the rotary raised up, make sure to check behind the machine.
- · Adjust the rear cover.

▶ OTHER PRECAUTIONS

The following items can affect the tractor performance and safety.
Therefore, Repair of these items should be done by your workshop.

 Injection pump, nozzle, engine valve clearance, hydraulic valve, hydraulic pump and evaporator.

MEN		 		 		 						 		 	

H. APPENDIX



1.	SPECIFICATIONS ····································
2.	TRAVELLING SPEED···································
3.	FUSE BOX · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
4.	WIRING DIAGRAM OF THE ELECTRIC
	INSTRUMENTS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
5	FNGINE EMISSION WARRANTY · · · · · · · · · · H = 14



1. SPECIFICATIONS

ITEM			T454/T554NCST				
	MANUFACTURE		YANMAR				
	MODEL		T454 (4TNV88C-KKTF) T554 (4TNV86CT-KKTF)				
	TYPE		T454 (4Cycle, Line, Water-cooled Diesel) T554 (4Cycle, Line, Water-cooled Diesel turbo charged)				
	OUTPUT	Kw/rpm	T454 – 34.3/2,800 rpm T554 – 41.1/2,800 rpm				
	NUMBER OF CYLINDER		4				
	DISPLACEMENT	сс	T454(2,190) T554(2,091)				
	BORE AND STROKE		T454(88X90mm), T554(86X90 mm)				
ENGINE	COMPRESSION RATIO		19.1 / 19.2				
	FIRING ORDER		1-3-4-2-1				
	INJECTION PUMP		Direct Injection				
	LUBRICATION SYSTEM		Forced feed API CJ-4, ACEA E-6 JASO PH-2 Grade : 10W30				
	COOLING SYSTEM		Water cooled, Forced circulation/ Fan				
	AIR CLEANER		Dry Dual Element				
	DPF		Horizontal / side				
	FUEL		Diesel fuel / Sulfur ≤ 15ppm				
	BATTERY		12V80AH				
ELECTRICAL	STARTING SYSTEM		Starter motor with pre-heater				
	STARTER CAPACITY		2.0KW				



ITEM			T454/T554NCST				
	ALTERNATOR		12V 55A				
	TRANSMISSION		Constant mesh (Synchro-meshed 3 rd and 4 th in main shift in both forward and reverse)				
DRIVE TRAIN	MFWD(4WD)		Star	ndard			
DRIVE TRAIN	DIFFERENTIAL LOCK		Bevel gears	with diff-Lock			
	BRAKES		Wet disc,	mechanical			
	STEERING		hyd	raulic			
CLUTCH	MAIN		Dry single disc, mechanic				
	РТО		Multiple wet disk				
	OVERALL LENGTH	mm	3,500 (137.8")				
	OVERALL WIDTH	mm	1,610 (63.4")				
	OVERALL HEIGHT	mm	2,765 (108.9")				
	WHEEL BASE (DISTANCE BETWEEN SHAFTS)	mm	1,935 (76.2")				
DIMENSIONS	MIN. GROUND CLEARANCE	mm	370 (14.6")				
	TAEA/TEEA		Front	9.5-16-8PR			
	T454/T554		Rear	13.6-26-8PR			
	AVIETVDE		Front	Center pin			
	AXLE TYPE		Rear	Central axle			



ITEM		T454/T554NCST			
	OPERATION	Hydraulic			
	MOUNTING METHOD	3-Point hitch			
IMPLEMENT	DRAWING METHOD	Trailer hitch			
	3-POINT HITCH CATEGORY	Category 1			
	HYDRAULIC-CONTROL	Position ,draft control			
	FUEL	60ℓ (15.85 US gal)			
	COOLANT	454ST, 554ST : 5.5ℓ (1.45 US gal) / 454ST, 554NC : 6.0ℓ (1.58 US gal)			
OIL CAPACITY	ENGINE OIL	4.3ℓ (1.13US gal)			
	TRANSMISSION OIL	43ℓ (11.35US gal)			
	FRONT AXLE OIL	10ℓ (2.64 US gal)			



2. TRAVELLING SPEED

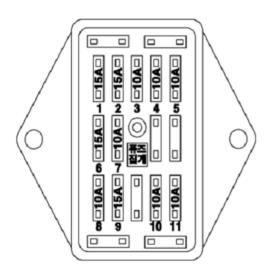
TRAVELING SPEED : KM/HOUR (MILE/HOUR)							
MOI	DEL	T454/T554NCST					
SUB SHIFT	MAIN SHIFT	FORWARD	REVERSE				
	1	0.68(0.42)	0.58(0.36)				
	2	0.91(0.57)	0.76(0.7				
LL	3	1.38(0.86)	1.16(0.72)				
	4	1.38(0.86)	1.37(0.85)				
	1	1.38(0.86)	1.64(1.02)				
	2	2.57(1.60)	2.17(1.35)				
<u></u>	3	3.93(2.40)	3.31(2.06)				
	4	4.64(2.88)	3.91(2.43)				
	1	4.05(2.52)	3.42(2.13)				
M	2	5.38(3.34)	4.53(2.81)				
IVI	3	8.21(5.10)	6.92(4.30)				
	4	9.69(6.02)	8.17(5.08)				
	1	12.84(7.98)	10.82(6.72)				
н	2	17.03(10.58)	14.35(8.92)				
П	3	26.00(16.16)	21.91(13.61)				
	4	30.68(19.06)	25.86(16.07)				

^{*}The specifications are subject to change for improvement without notice.



3. FUSE BOX

▶ DRAWING FOR FIXING POSITION OF THE FUSE

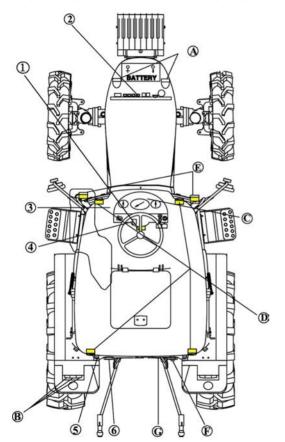


NO	ITEM	SPEC.
1	PANEL	15A
2	LIGHT, HORN	15A
3	WORKING LIGHT	10A
4	STOP LAMP	10A
5	TURN SIGNAL	10A
6	CONTROLER	15A
7	ENGINE STOP	10A
8	FUEL PUMP	10A
9	COUPLER	15A
10	AUTO ROLLING	10A
11	QUICK TURN	10A



4. WIRING DIAGRAM OF THE ELECTRIC INSTRUMENTS

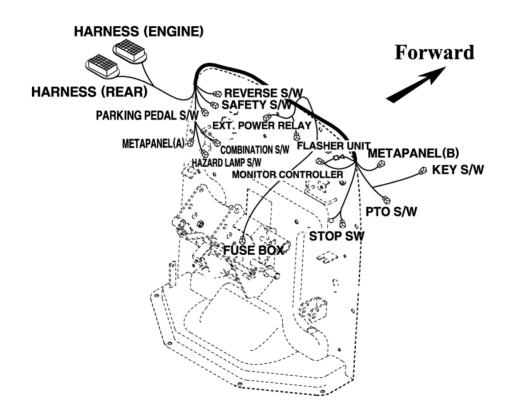
► FIGURE OF DIAGRAM OF ELECTRIC INSTRUMENTS



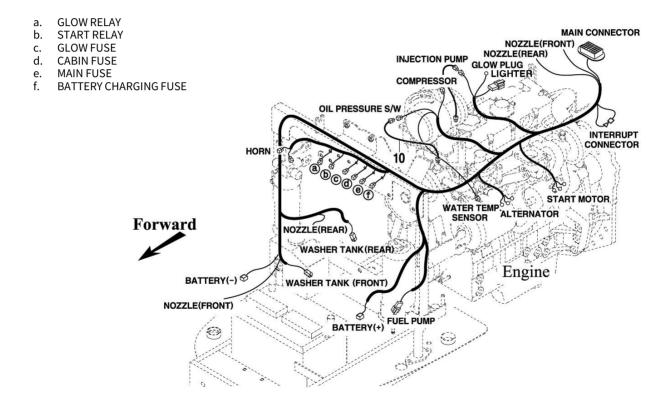
NO	ITEM	SPEC.
Α	HEAD LAMP	12V55W
В	TURN SIGNAL LAMP (REAR)	12V21W
Б	STOP LAMP, TAIL LAMP	21/5W
С	MONITOR PANEL LAMP	12V3.4W
D	WORKING LAMP	12V35W
F	TURN SIGNAL LAMP(FRONT)	12V21W
E	FRONT POSITION LAMP	21V5W
F	REVERSING LAMP	12V20W

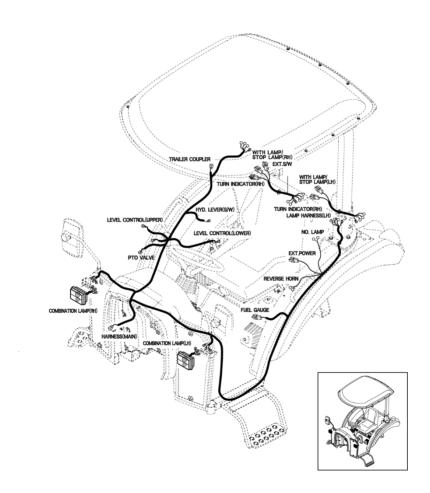
NO	SPEC.			
1	FUSE BOX			
2	SLOW BLOW FUSE			
3	3 UNITS FOR DIRECTION SIGNAL RELAY FOR THE POWER			
4	PTO MONITOR			
5	COUPLER FOR THE POWER MAX RATED AMPERE			
6	COUPLER FOR THE TRAILER			

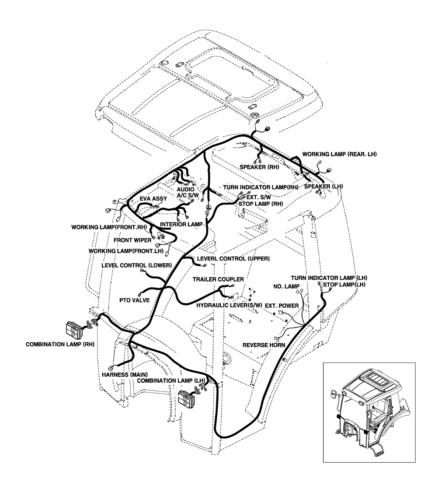




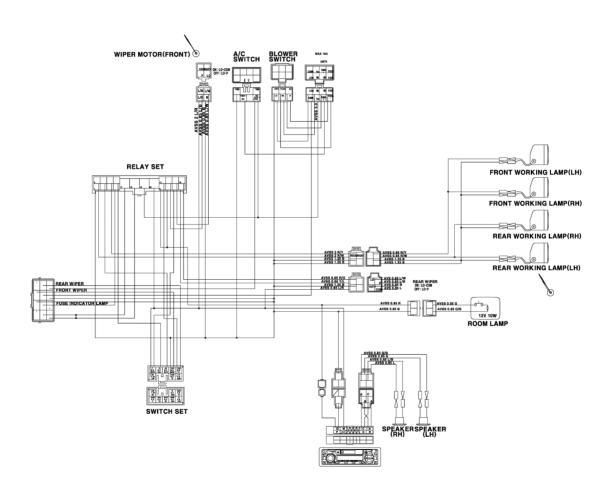




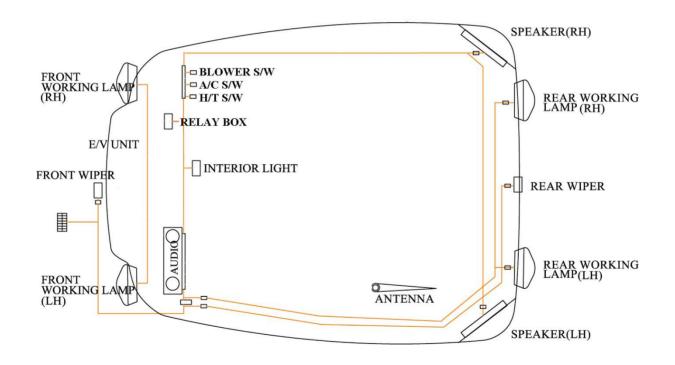














5. ENGINE EMISSION WARRANTY

➤ YOUR WARRANTY RIGHT AND OBLIGATIONS

The California Air Resources Board (CARB), the United State Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and YANMAR POWER TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. hereafter referred to as YANMAR, are pleased to explain the emission control system warranty on your 2020, 2021, or 2022 model year industrial compression-ignition engine. Californiacertified, new non-road (off-road) compression-ignition engines must be designed, built and equipped to meet the State's stringent anti-smog standards. In the remaining forty nine (49) states, new non-road (off-road) compression-ignition engines must be designed, built and equipped to meet the United States FPA emissions standards.

YANMAR must warrant the emission control system on your engine for the periods of time listed below provided there has been no abuse, neglect or improper maintenance of your engine. Your emission control system may include parts such as the fuel injection system, the air induction system, the electronic control system, EGR (Exhaust Gas Recirculation) system and the exhaust gas after treatment (diesel particulate filter system, urea SCR system). Also included may be hoses, belts, connectors and other emissionrelated assemblies

Where a warrantable condition exists, YANMAR will repair your non-road (offroad) compression-ignition engine at no charge to you including diagnosis, parts and labor.



EPA and ARB certified and labeled non-road (off-road) compression-ignition engines are warranted for the period shown below.

If any emission-related part on your engine is found to be defective during the applicable warranty period, the part will be repaired or replaced by YANMAR.

If your engine is certified as	And its maximum Power is	And its rated speed is	Then its warranty period is
Variable speed or Constant speed	kW<19	Any speed	2,000 hours or two (2) years whichever comes first. In the absence of a device to measure the hours of use, The engine has a warranty period of two(2) years.
Constant speed	19 ≤ kW < 37	3,000rpm or higher	2,000 hours or two (2) years whichever comes first. In the absence of a device to measure the hours of use, The engine has a warranty period of two(2) years
Constant speed	19 ≤ kW < 37	Less than 3,000rpm	3,000 hours of five (5) years whichever comes first. In the absence of a device to measure the hours of use, the Engine has a warranty period of five(5) years.
Variable speed	19 ≤ kW < 37	Any speed	3,000 hours or five (5) years whichever comes first. In the absence of a device to measure the hours of use, the engine has a warranty period of five (5) years
Variable speed or Constant speed	kW ≥ 37	Any speed	3,000 hours or (5) years whichever comes first. In the absence of a device to measure the hours of use, The engine has a warranty period of five (5) years.



WARRANTY COVERAGE

This warranty is transferable to each subsequent purchaser for the duration of the warranty period. YANMAR recommends that repair or replacement of any warranted part will be performed at an authorized YANMAR dealer.

Warranted parts not scheduled for replacement as required maintenance in the owner's manual shall be warranted for the warranty period. Warranted parts scheduled for replacement as required maintenance in the owner's manual are warranted for the period of time prior to the first scheduled replacement.

Any warranted parts scheduled for replacement as required maintenance that are repaired or replaced under warranty shall be warranted for the remaining period of time prior to the first scheduled replacement.

Any part not scheduled for replacement that is repaired or replaced under

warranty shall be warranted for the remaining warranty period.

During the warranty period, YANMAR is liable for damages to other engine components caused by the failure of any warranted part during the warranty period.

Any replacement part which is functionally identical to the original equipment part in all respects may be used in the maintenance or repair of your engine, and shall not reduce YANMAR's warranty obligations.

Add-on or modified parts that are not exempted may not be used. The use of any non-exempted add-on or modified parts shall be grounds for disallowing a warranty.

▶ WARRANTED PARTS

This warranty covers engine components that are a part of the emission control system of the engine as delivered by YANMAR to the original retail purchaser. Such components may include the following:

- (A) Fuel injection system (including Altitude compensation system)
- (B) Cold start enrichment system
- (C) Intake manifold and Air intake throttle valve
- (D) Turbocharger systems
- (E) Exhaust manifold and exhaust throttle valve
- (F) Positive crankcase ventilation system
- (G) Charge Air Cooling systems
- (H) Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR) systems
- (I) Exhaust gas after treatment (Diesel Particulate Filter (DPF) system)
- (J) Electronic Control units, sensors, solenoids and wiring harnesses used in above systems
- (K) Hoses, belts, connectors and



assemblies used in above systems

(L) Emission Control Information Lahels

Since emissions related parts may vary slightly between models, certain models may not contain all of these parts and other models may contain the functional equivalents.

► EXCLUSION

Failures other than those arising from defects in material or workmanship are not covered by this warranty.

The warranty does not extend to the following: malfunctions caused by abuse, misuse, improper adjustment, modification, alteration, tampering, disconnection, improper or inadequate maintenance, or use of nonrecommended fuels and lubricating oils: accident-caused damage and replacement of expendable items made in connection with scheduled maintenance.

YANMAR disclaims any responsibility for incidental or consequential such as loss of time, inconvenience, loss of use of equipment/engine or commercial loss.

► OWNER'S WARRANTY **RESPONSIBILITIES**

As the engine owner, you are responsible for carrying out the required maintenance listed in this operation manual.

YANMAR recommends that you retain all documentation, including receipts, covering maintenance on your non-road (off-road) compression-ignition engine, but YANMAR cannot deny warranty solely for the lack of receipts, or for your failure to ensure the performance of all scheduled maintenance.

YANMAR may deny your warranty coverage if your non-road (off-road) compression-ignition engine or a part has failed due to abuse, neglect, improper maintenance or unapproved modifications.

Your engine is designed to operate on diesel fuel only. Use of any other fuel may result in your engine no longer operating in compliance with CARB and EPA emissions requirements.



You are responsible for initiating the warranty process. You are responsible for presenting your engine to an authorized YANMAR dealer or distributor as soon as a problem exists. The warranty repairs should be completed by the dealer as expeditiously as possible.

If you have any questions regarding your warranty rights and responsibilities, or would like information on the nearest YANMAR dealer or authorized service center, you should contact YANMAR America Corporation.

Website: https://www.yanmar.com E-mail: CS_support@yanmar.com Toll free telephone number: 1-800-872-

2867, 1-855-416-7091

WHAT THE EMERGENCY STATIONARY TYPE ENGINE OWNER MUST DO

The engines for emergency stationary type generators certified by Federal Law (40 CFR Part60) are limited to emergency use only, and the operation for maintenance checks and verification test for functions is required.

The total operating hours for maintenance and verification test for functions should not exceed 100 hours per year.

However, there is no limitation on the operating hours for emergency use. Keep a log of the number of hours the engine is operated for both emergency use and non-emergency use.

Also, note the reason for the operation.



DATE	JOB CARD NO.	NATURE OF DEFECT	PARTS REPLACEMENT	W/CLAIM NO. AND DATE	REMARKS



DATE	TRACTOR HOURS	NATURE/TYPE OF REPAIR/SERVICE CARRIED OUT



DATE	JOB DONE	MACHINE HOURS	E HOURS	FUEL CONSUMPTION	ENGINE OIL	DEMARKS
DATE		START	END	FUEL CONSUMPTION	ENGINE OIL TOPPED UP	REMARKS



DATE	PART DESCRIPTION	Q'TY	COST	DATE	PART DESCRIPTION	Q'TY	COST

I. INDEX



1	INDEX	 I _ :
1.		ı — 1



• 0~9	• B
4WD LEVER	BACK SIDE OF THE TRACTOR (CABIN) · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	BATTERY CHARGING · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · D-14
• A	BATTERY CHECK · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-17
ABNORMAL OPERATION DUTING DPF REGENERATION	BATTERY DISCONNECTION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
PROCESS · · · · · · · D-10	BATTERY JUMP START · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-17
ABOUT THIS MANUAL·····A-8	BATTERY MAINTENANCE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-17
ADJUSTING BRAKE PEDALS · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-15	BLEEDING FUEL SYSTEM · · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-12
ADJUSTING CLUTCH PEDAL · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-15	BRAKE • • • • • • • • D-23
ADJUSTING THROTTLE LEVER, TOE-IN, HOSES AND	BRAKE PEDALS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
LINES · · · · · · · · · E-15	BRAKE TROUBLESHOOTING · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
AIR CLEANER DUST VALVE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-10	CAB CEILING · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
AIR CLEANER ELEMENT · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-10	CABIN · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
AIR CLEANER FILTER CONTAMINATION LAMP · · · · · · · C-11	CABIN AIR INTAKE FILTER · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
AIR CLEANING SYSTEM · · · · · · · · · · · · · · D-22	CABIN TYPE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
AIR CONDITIONER COMPRESSOR BELT ADJUSTMENT · · E-14	CAUTIONS DURING THE WORK · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
AIR CONDITIONER TROUBLESHOOTING · · · · · · · · · F-8	CAUTIONS FOR DRIVING INTO OR OUT OF FIELD · · · · · · D-6
AIR CONDITIONER, HEATER CONTROL PANEL · · · · · · · C-34	CAUTIONS FOR DRIVING ON ROAD · · · · · · · · · · D-6
AIR VENTS, CIRCULATION VENTS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · C-36	CAUTIONS FOR INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ALTERNATOR INSPECT/ADJUST/REPLACE · · · · · · · · E-14	CAUTIONS WHEN DRIVING ON FARM ROAD · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ALWAYS USE SAFETY LIGHTS AND DEVICES · · · · · · · · · · B-5	CHARGE WARNING LAMP · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ANTI-FREEZE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CHECK LINK · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
APPENDIX · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CHECKING THE AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM · · · · · · · · C-37
AUDIO SYSTEM · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CHECKING THE AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM CHARGE · · · C-38
AVOID HIGH PRESSURE FLUIDS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · B-6	CHECKS & SERVICING EACH PART · · · · · · · · · · E-6
	CHECKS DURING DRIVING · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · D-14

CHECKUP LIST FOR OPERATION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	DPF WARNING LAMP · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
CLEANING RADIATOR GRILLE· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-11	DRAFT CONTROL LEVER · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
CLUTCH CUT-OFF ARM · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
CLUTCH PEDAL· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• E
COMBINATION SWITCH · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ELECTRIC INSTRUMENTS TROUBLESHOOTING · · · · · · · F-7
CONNECTION TO IMPLEMENTS · · · · · · · · · · · D-11	EMERGENCY EXITS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
CONTROL INSTRUMENTS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · C-12	ENGINE· · · · · · · · D-22
COOLANT CHANGE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-6	ENGINE AND DPF MALFUNCTION · · · · · · · · · · · · D-10
COOLANT CHECK · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ENGINE EMISSION WARRANTY · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
COOLANT TEMPERATURE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · D-15	ENGINE IDLING · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
COOLANT TEMPERATURE WARNING LAMP · · · · · · · · C-8	ENGINE OIL CHANGE· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-7
COOLING SYSTEM · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · D-25	ENGINE OIL CHECK· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-7
CUP HOLDER, POWER SOCKET· · · · · · · · · · · · · · C-37	ENGINE OIL FILTER CHANGE· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-11
CUSHION STRENGTH ADJUSTMENT · · · · · · · · · · · A-14	ENGINE OIL PRESSURE WARNING LAMP · · · · · · · · · C-10
	ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · F-2
• D	ENGINE WARNING LAMP · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
DAMAGE OF ROPS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	EXTERIOR VIEW · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
DESCRIPTION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	EXTERNAL POSITION LEVER · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
DIFFERENTIAL LOCK PEDAL · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · C-17	
DISCONNECTION FROM IMPLEMENTS · · · · · · · · D-11	• F
DON'Ts –FOR SAFE OPERATION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FALLING OBJECT PROTECTIVE STRUCTURE (FOPS) $\cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot$ B-13
DOOR · · · · · · · · C-28	FANBELT CHECK · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-13
DOs & DON'Ts · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FIGURE OF CABIN · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
DOs –FOR BETTER PERFORMANCE · · · · · · · · · · · · B-22	FIGURE OF MONITOR PANEL · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
DPF PROGRESS LAMP · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FIGURE OF SWITCHES · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
DPF REGENERATION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · D-15	FIGURE OF THREE POINT LINKAGE (CABIN) · · · · · · · · C-24



FIGURE OF THREE POINT LINKAGE (ROPS) · · · · · · · · C-23	HEATING AIR CONDITIONER SYSTEM· · · · · · · · · · · · · C-35
FIGURE OF TRACTOR CONTROLS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · C-12	HEATING SYSTEM · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
FOR DAILY OR SHORT TERM SRTORAGE · · · · · · · · · E-20	HEATING SYSTEM CONFIGURATION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · C-35
FRONT AXLE OIL CHANGE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-9	HOUR METER · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
FRONT AXLE OIL CHECK · · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-9	HOW TO CHECK THE AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM WITH
FRONT LOADER · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · D-20	THE NEEDLE OF HIGH-LOW GAUGE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · C-38
FUEL FILTER CLEANING · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-11	HOW TO START ENGINE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
FUEL GAUGE · · · · · · · · D-15	HYDRAULIC LOWERING SPEED CONTROL KNOB · · · · · · C-18
FUEL GAUGE & FUEL WARNING LAMP · · · · · · · · · · · · C-7	HYDRAULIC OIL FILTER· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-13
FUEL TANK · · · · · · · E-13	HYDRAULIC SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING · · · · · · · · · F-6
FUSE BOX · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
FUSE REPLACING · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-18	• 1
	IDLING IN COLD WEATHER · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
• G	IMPLEMENTS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
GAUGE PRESSURE CONVERSION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · C-38	INDEX · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
GENERAL IMPLEMENT:	INSIDE OF CABIN · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
GENERAL INFORMATION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	INSTRUCTION AFTER USE· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
GENERAL INFORMATION OF DECALS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · B-24	INSTRUCTION BEFORE USE· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
GLOW LAMP · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	INTERIOR LAMP · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
GREASING EACH PART · · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-19	INTRODUCTION & DESCRIPTION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
GREASING THE TRACTOR · · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-19	
	• K
• н	KEEP RIDERS OFF TRACTOR · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
HANDLE FUEL SAFELY TO AVOID FIRE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · B-5	KEY SWITCH· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
HARNESS AND FUSES CHECK · · · · · · · · · · · · E-18	
HAZARD WARNING SWITCH	

INDEX

• L	OPENING SIDE COVER · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
LAMPS RELATED TO DPF PROCESS BUZZING · · · · · · · D-9	OPERATING PTO · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
LEFT SIDE OF THE TRACTOR (CABIN) · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · A-5	OPERATING TIPS FOR POWER STEERING WHEEL· · · · · · D-26
LEFT SIDE OF THE TRACTOR (ROPS) · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · A-3	OPERATING TRACTOR·····D-2
LIGHT LAMPS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	OPERATION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
LOADER VALVE AND JOYSTICK LEVER · · · · · · · · · · · · · C-20	OPERATION OF DPF · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
LOADING TO OR UNLOADING FROM TRUCK · · · · · · · D-6	OPERATION OF PTO · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
LONG TERM STORAGE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-21	OPERATION SEQUENCE OF DPF PROCESS · · · · · · · · D-9
LOWER LINK · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	OPERATION TIPS · · · · · · · D-22
LUBRICATING OIL · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · D-23	OPERATOR PROTECTIVE STRUCTURE (OPS) · · · · · · · · · B-13
	OTHER PRECAUTIONS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
• M	OTHERS
MAIN FUSES · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	OWNER AASISTANCE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
MAIN SHIFT LEVER· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
MAINTENANCE· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• P
MAINTENANCE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PARK TRACTOR SAFELY · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
MAINTENANCE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PARK TRACTOR SAFELY · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
MAINTENANCE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PARK TRACTOR SAFELY · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
MAINTENANCE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PARK TRACTOR SAFELY · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
MAINTENANCE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PARK TRACTOR SAFELY · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
MAINTENANCE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PARK TRACTOR SAFELY
MAINTENANCE	PARK TRACTOR SAFELY



PROTECT CHILDREN · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• S
PTO LAMP · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SAFE OPERATION OF YOUR TRACTOR · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
PTO MODE SWITCH · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SAFETY DECALS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
PTO ROTATION TABLE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · D-8	SAFETY DECALS ON CHASSIS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
PTO SHAFT CAP · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
PTO SWITCH · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SAFETY MARK· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	SAFETY PRECATIONS WHEN USING LOADER · · · · · · · · B-10
• R	SAFETY PRECAUTIONS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
READ SAFETY INSTRUCTION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SAFETY START · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
REAR WINDOW · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SAFETY TIPS DURING MAINTENANCE · · · · · · · · · · · · · B-16
REARVIEW MIRROR · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SEAT ADJUSTMENT· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
RECIRCULATION INLETS FULLY CLOSED · · · · · · · · · C-32	SEAT AND SAFETY BELT · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
REGEN DISABLE SWITCH · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SEAT SLIDING · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
REGEN REQ. SWITCH · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SERVICE & PARTS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
REMOTE CONTROL LEVER (OPTIONAL) · · · · · · · · · · C-21	SERVICE PRIOR TO DAILY AND SHORT TERM STORAGE · · E-20
REMOTE CONTROL VALVE (OPTIONAL) · · · · · · · · · · C-22	SERVICE TRACTOR SAFELY · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
REUSE AFTER LONG TERM STORAGE · · · · · · · · · · E-21	SHIFTING AND DRIVING · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · D-4
RIGHT SIDE OF THE TRACTOR (CABIN) · · · · · · · · · · · · · A-4	SHUTTLE SHIFT LEVER· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
RIGHT SIDE OF THE TRACTOR (ROPS) · · · · · · · · · · · · A-2	SIGNAL SIGNS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ROPS A-12	SPECIFICATIONS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ROPS (ROLL OVER PROTECTIVE STRUCTURE) · · · · · · · A-12	STANDARD FOR FARMWORK · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ROPS TYPE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	START & STOP OF ENGINE · · · · · · · · · · · · D-2
RUNNING-IN PERIOD · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · D-2	START ON STEEP SLOPE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · D-5
	STARTING OFF · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	STAY CLEAR OF ROTATING SHAFTS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	STEERING WHEEL TROUBLESHOOTING



STOPPING ENGINE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · D-3	TRANSPORT TRACTOR BY TRUCK · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
STORING THE TRACTOR · · · · · · · · · · · · E-20	TRAVELLING SPEED · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
SUB SHIFT LEVER · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	TROUBLESHOOTING · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
SWITCHES · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	TURN SIGNAL LAMPS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	TURNING IN FIELD · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
• т	TYPE OR NUMBER OR ENGINE & CHASSIS · · · · · · · · · · A-7
TACHO METER · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS ARE SUGGESTED TO	· U
HELP PREVENT ACCIDENTS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	UNIVERSAL SYMBOLS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
THREE POINT LINKAGE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	USE OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · B-13
THROTTLE LEVER · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	USE OF ROPS AND SEAT BELT · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
THROTTLE PEDAL · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	USE OF TRACTOR WITH ROPS LOWERED CAN CAUSE
TILT LEVER · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FATAL INJURIES · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
TIPS FOR DRIVING ON SLOPE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · D-5	
TIRE PRESSURE · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· V
TOP LINK ADJUSTMENT · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	VENTILATION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
TOWING HITCH · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
TOWING SAFELY · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• W
TOWING THE TRACTOR · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · D-12	WARRANTY OF THE PRODUCT · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
TOWING WITH ENGINE OFF· · · · · · · · · · · · · · D-13	WASHER FLUID TANK · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
TOWING WITH ENGINE RUNNING · · · · · · · · · · D-12	WHEEL TREAD ADJUSTMENT · · · · · · · · · · · · · · E-16
TRACTOR IDENTIFICATION · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	WINTER OPERATION WITH DIESEL FUEL· · · · · · · · D-25
TRACTOR INSTRUMENTS · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	WIPER, WINDOW WASHER, WORKING LAMP CONTROL · · C-32
TRACTOR RUNAWAY · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	WIRING DIAGRAM OF THE ELECTRIC INSTRUMENTS · · · · · H-7
TRANSMISSION OIL CHANGE · · · · · · · · · · · · E-8	WORK IN VENTILATED AREA · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
TRANSMISSION OIL CHECK · · · · · · · · · · · · E-8	WORK PROCEDURES · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · D-16





T454 / T554 (NC, ST)

OPERATOR'S MANUAL FOR TYM TRACTORS

⚠ ALL INFORMATION, ILLUSTRATIONS AND SPECIFICATIONS IN THIS MANUAL ARE BASED ON LASTEST INFORMATION AVAILABLE AT THE TIME OF PUBLICATION. THE RIGHT IS RESERVED TO MAKE CHANGES AT ANY TIME WITOUT A NOTICE.

PART NO. 1746-940-001-1